



● **Board of Directors**  
***Communications and Legislation Committee***

3/13/2018 Board Meeting

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**Revised 8-4**

**Subject**

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Adopt CEQA determination and express support for Proposition 68, the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access for All Act of 2018.

**Executive Summary**

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In September 2017, the California Legislature passed, and Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed into law, SB 5 by Senator Kevin de León (D-Los Angeles). This \$4 billion general obligation bond measure will appear as Proposition 68 on the June 2018 statewide ballot.

If a majority of the voters agree, Proposition 68, would authorize \$4 billion in general obligation bonds and reallocate \$100 million of unissued bonds, previously approved by the voters, for state and local parks, environmental protection and restoration, and water infrastructure flood protection projects.

**Details**

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Proposition 68 is a legislatively-approved bond act that was introduced and amended through the legislative process as SB 5 by Senator Kevin de León (D-Los Angeles) (**Attachment 1**). Proposition 68 would authorize \$4 billion in general obligation bonds, and reallocate \$100 million of unissued bonds previously authorized in Proposition 1 (2014), Proposition 84 (2006) and Proposition 60 (2002) for state and local parks, environmental protection and restoration, water infrastructure and flood protection projects.

On September 15, 2017, the California Assembly passed SB 5 on a 56-21 vote. The Senate passed the measure on September 16, 2017, on a 27-9 vote. On October 15, 2017, Governor Jerry Brown signed the bill, certifying the measure for the June 5, 2018, statewide primary ballot.

Metropolitan's support for SB 5 was predicated on the Board-adopted State Legislative Priorities and Principles for 2017/18 (**Attachment 2**). On October 1, 2017, Metropolitan sent a letter of support to the Governor requesting that he sign SB 5 into law. (**Attachment 3**).

**Funding Provisions**

Proposition 68 would authorize approximately \$1.28 billion for parks and recreation, \$1.55 billion of funding for natural resource conservation and resiliency, and \$1.27 billion for water. The following summary outlines the specific programs targeted for funding:

Parks and Recreation:

Chapter 2 – Investments in Environmental and Social Equity, Enhancing California's Disadvantaged Communities

- \$725 million for the creation and expansion of safe neighborhood parks in park-poor neighborhoods.

Chapter 3 – Investments in Protecting, Enhancing, and Accessing California's Local and Regional Outdoor Spaces

- \$285 million for local and regional park rehabilitation, creation, and improvement grants to local governments.

Chapter 4 – Restoring California’s Natural, Historic, and Cultural Legacy

- \$218 million for restoration, preservation, and protection of existing state park facilities and units.

Chapter 5 – Trails and Greenway Investment

- \$30 million for grants that provide new or alternate non-motorized access to parks, waterways, and other natural environments.

Chapter 6 – Rural Recreation, Tourism, and Economic Enrichment Investment

- \$25 million for grants that enhance recreational tourism in non-urbanized areas.

Natural Resource Conservation and Resiliency:

Chapter 7 – California River Recreation, Creek, and Waterway Improvements Program

- \$162 million for projects that protect and enhance urban creeks, watersheds, and headwaters.

Chapter 8 – State Conservancy, Wildlife Conservation Board, and Authority Funding

- \$767 million to provide funding for state conservancies and other conservation and restoration related activities.

Chapter 9 – Ocean, Bay, and Coastal Protection

- \$175 million to fund projects that protect coastal and ocean resources.

Chapter 10 – Climate Preparedness, Habitat Resiliency, Resource Enhancement, and Innovation

- \$443 million to plan, develop, and implement climate change adaptation and resiliency projects.

Water:

Chapter 11 – Clean Drinking Water and Drought Preparedness

- \$250 million to prevent and reduce the contamination of drinking water supplies, and that address the short- and long-term drinking water needs of disadvantaged, rural, or small communities.

Chapter 11.1 – Groundwater Sustainability

- \$80 million to fund projects that prevent and reduce the contamination of groundwater supplies that serve as a source of drinking water.

Chapter 11.5 – Flood Protection and Repair

- \$550 million for projects that provide flood protection or repair.

Chapter 11.6 – Regional Sustainability for Drought and Groundwater, and Water Recycling

- \$390 million for water recycling and advanced treatment technology projects, the development of groundwater plans, and investments that facilitate the recharge of groundwater.

A detailed summary of all the funding allocations is provided in (**Attachment 4**).

**Impacts to Metropolitan**

Metropolitan and its member agencies would be eligible to compete for water project funding under a number of provisions authorized by Proposition 68. In addition, Proposition 68 authorizes funding for projects that may indirectly benefit Metropolitan by enhancing watershed functions, improving water quality, and increasing reliability in the areas from which Metropolitan imports water supplies, including:

- funding for projects that improve habitat for the benefit of salmon, steelhead, and other fish and wildlife species;

- funding for Salton Sea air quality and habitat improvements that support state efforts for Salton Sea restoration and help reduce potential impacts to Colorado River water users; and
- funding for voluntary agreements that facilitate implementation of an updated State Water Resources Control Board's Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan.

Proposition 68 is supported by a broad range of parks, water, and environmental and conservation organizations, community-based advocacy groups, business and agricultural organizations, and government agencies and elected officials, as noted on **Attachment 5** which sets forth the list of supporters compiled by the Yes on Proposition 68, Conservation Action Fund. The Howard Jarvis Taxpayers Association opposes the proposition based on its position that the state should use the general fund to maintain parks, and not bonds.

## **Policy**

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By Minute Item 50703 dated January 10, 2017, Board adoption of State Legislative Priorities and Principles for 2017/18

## **California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)**

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### **CEQA determination(s) for Option #1:**

The proposed action is not defined as a project under CEQA because it involves legislative proposals and the submittal of proposals to a vote of the people of the state, which do not involve any commitment to any specific project which may result in a potentially significant physical impact on the environment (CEQA Section 21065 and Sections 15378(b)(1) and 15378(b)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines).

The CEQA determination is: Determine that the proposed action is not defined as a project under CEQA pursuant to CEQA Section 21065 as well as Sections 15378(b)(1) and 15378(b)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines.

### **CEQA determination for Option #2:**

None required.

## **Board Options**

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### **Option #1**

- Adopt the CEQA determination that the proposed action is not defined as a project under CEQA, and
- Authorize the General Manager to express Metropolitan's support for Proposition 68.

**Fiscal Impact:** None

**Business Analysis:** If passed by the voters, state funding would be available for various water projects as well as projects to protect and restore habitat, ecosystem functions, and flood protection facilities supporting Metropolitan's imported water supplies.

### **Option #2**

- Take no position on Proposition 68.

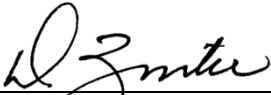
**Fiscal Impact:** None

**Business Analysis:** If not passed by the voters, there would be less funding for local projects as well as fewer indirect benefits from natural resource conservation and resiliency efforts, and flood protection improvements.

**Staff Recommendation**

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Option #1

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Dee Zinke  
Assistant General Manager/Chief External  
Affairs Officer

3/8/2018

Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jeffrey Kighlinger  
General Manager

3/8/2018

Date

- Attachment 1 – Senate Bill 5 (de León, D-Los Angeles), Chaptered October 15, 2017**
- Attachment 2 – Metropolitan’s State Legislative Priorities and Principles for 2017/18**
- Attachment 3 – General Manager’s October 1, 2017 Letter to Governor Brown**
- Attachment 4 – Senate Bill 5 Summary of Funding Allocations**
- Attachment 5 – Proposition 68 Supporters List**

Ref# ea12659620

**Senate Bill No. 5**

## CHAPTER 852

An act to add Sections 5096.611 and 75089.5 to, and to add Division 45 (commencing with Section 80000) to, the Public Resources Code, and to add Section 79772.5 to the Water Code, relating to a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program, by providing the funds necessary therefor through an election for the issuance and sale of bonds of the State of California and for the handling and disposition of those funds, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

[Approved by Governor October 15, 2017. Filed with  
Secretary of State October 15, 2017.]

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 5, De León. California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018.

Under existing law, programs have been established pursuant to bond acts for, among other things, the development and enhancement of state and local parks and recreational facilities. Existing law, the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, approved by the voters as Proposition 1 at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election, authorizes the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$7,545,000,000 to finance a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program. Existing law, the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006, an initiative measure approved by the voters as Proposition 84 at the November 7, 2006, statewide general election, authorizes the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,388,000,000 for the purposes of financing safe drinking water, water quality and supply, flood control, natural resource protection, and park improvements. Existing law, the California Clean Water, Clean Air, Safe Neighborhood Parks, and Coastal Protection Act of 2002, approved by the voters as Proposition 40 at the March 5, 2002, statewide primary election, authorizes the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$2,600,000,000, for the purpose of financing a program for the acquisition, development, restoration, protection, rehabilitation, stabilization, reconstruction, preservation, and interpretation of park, coastal, agricultural land, air, and historical resources.

This bill would enact the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$4,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program. The bill, upon voter approval, would reallocate

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\$100,000,000 of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of Propositions 1, 40, and 84 to finance the purposes of a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the June 5, 2018, statewide primary direct election.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 5096.611 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

5096.611. Notwithstanding any other law, two million five hundred fifty-seven thousand dollars (\$2,557,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of subdivision (b) of Section 5096.610, and eight hundred thousand dollars (\$800,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 5096.652 from the amount allocated pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 5096.610 are reallocated to finance the purposes of, and shall be authorized, issued, and appropriated in accordance with, Division 45 (commencing with Section 80000).

SEC. 2. Section 75089.5 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

75089.5. Notwithstanding any other law, twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purpose of subdivision (a) of Section 75063, three hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$315,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of subdivision (b) of Section 75063, and four million three hundred twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$4,328,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of subdivision (b) of Section 75065 are reallocated to finance the purposes of, and shall be authorized, issued, and appropriated in accordance with, Division 45 (commencing with Section 80000).

SEC. 3. Division 45 (commencing with Section 80000) is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

DIVISION 45. CALIFORNIA DROUGHT, WATER, PARKS,  
CLIMATE, COASTAL PROTECTION, AND OUTDOOR ACCESS FOR  
ALL ACT OF 2018

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

80000. This division shall be known, and may be cited, as the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018.

80001. (a) The people of California find and declare all of the following:

(1) From California's beautiful rivers, streams, coastal shorelines, and other waterways, to our federal, state, local, and regional parks and outdoor settings, to our vast network of trails connecting people with natural

landscapes, Californians value the rich diversity of outdoor experiences afforded to this state and its citizens.

(2) Demand for local parks has exceeded available funding by a factor of 8 to 1, with particularly high demand in urban, disadvantaged communities.

(3) Many Californians across the state lack access to safe parks, wildlife, trails, and recreation areas, which limits their ability to experience the outdoors, improve their physical and emotional health, exercise, and connect with their communities.

(4) Investments to create and improve parks and recreation areas, and to create trail networks that provide access from neighborhoods to parks, wildlife, and recreational opportunities, will help ensure all Californians have access to safe places to exercise and enjoy recreational activities.

(5) The California Center for Public Health Advocacy estimates that inactivity and obesity cost California over forty billion dollars (\$40,000,000,000) annually, through increased health care costs and lost productivity due to obesity-related illnesses, and that even modest increases in physical activity would result in significant savings. Investments in infrastructure improvements such as biking and walking trails and pathways, whether in urban or natural areas, are cost-effective ways to promote physical activity.

(6) Continued investments in the state's parks, wildlife and ecological areas, trails, and natural resources, and greening urban areas will help mitigate the effects of climate change, making cities more livable, and will protect California's natural resources for future generations.

(7) California's outdoor recreation economy represents an eighty-seven-billion-dollar (\$87,000,000,000) industry, providing over 700,000 jobs and billions of dollars in local and state revenues.

(8) California's state, local, and regional park system infrastructure and national park system infrastructure are aging, and a significant infusion of capital is required to protect this investment.

(9) There has been a historic underinvestment in parks, trails, and outdoor infrastructure in disadvantaged areas and many communities throughout California.

(10) Tourism is a growing industry in California and remains an economic driver for the more rural parts of the state.

(11) California's highly variable hydrology puts at risk the state's supply of clean and safe water. In recent years, California has experienced both the state's worst drought and also the wettest winter in recorded history.

(12) Extreme weather changes such as prolonged drought, intense heat events, and a changing snowpack are real climate impacts happening right now in California, and these changes increase the need to safeguard water supply for the quality of life for all Californians.

(13) Every Californian should have access to clean, safe, and reliable drinking water.

(14) California's water infrastructure continues to age and deteriorate.

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(15) Encouraging water conservation and recycling are commonsense actions to improve California's water future.

(16) Successfully implementing the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act in collaboration with local government and communities is a key state priority.

(17) Flooding can devastate communities and infrastructure.

(18) Protecting and restoring lakes, rivers, streams, and the state's diverse ecosystems is a critical part of the state's water future and ensures the quality of life for all Californians.

(19) This division provides funding to implement the California Water Action Plan.

(20) Periodic investments are needed to protect, restore, and enhance our natural resources and parks to ensure all Californians have safe, clean, and reliable drinking water, prevent pollution and disruption of our water supplies, prepare for future droughts and floods, and protect and restore our natural resources for the benefit and enjoyment of our children and future generations.

(b) It is the intent of the people of California that all of the following shall occur in the implementation of this division:

(1) The investment of public funds pursuant to this division will result in public benefits that address the most critical statewide needs and priorities for public funding.

(2) In the appropriation and expenditure of funding authorized by this division, priority will be given to projects that leverage private, federal, or local funding or produce the greatest public benefit.

(3) To the extent practicable, a project that receives moneys pursuant to this division will include signage informing the public that the project received funds from the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018.

(4) To the extent practicable, when developing program guidelines for urban recreation projects and habitat protection or restoration projects, administering entities are encouraged to give favorable consideration to projects that provide urban recreation and protect or restore natural resources. Additionally, the entities may pool funding for these projects.

(5) To the extent practicable, a project that receives moneys pursuant to this division will provide workforce education and training, contractor, and job opportunities for disadvantaged communities.

(6) To the extent practicable, priority for funding pursuant to this division will be given to local parks projects that have obtained all required permits and entitlements and a commitment of matching funds, if required.

(7) To the extent practicable, administering entities should measure or require measurement of greenhouse gas emissions reductions and carbon sequestrations associated with projects that receive moneys pursuant to this division.

(8) To the extent practicable, as identified in the "Presidential Memorandum--Promoting Diversity and Inclusion in Our National Parks, National Forests, and Other Public Lands and Waters," dated January 12,



2017, the public agencies that receive funds pursuant to this division will consider a range of actions that include, but are not limited to, the following:

(A) Conducting active outreach to diverse populations, particularly minority, low-income, and disabled populations and tribal communities, to increase awareness within those communities and the public generally about specific programs and opportunities.

(B) Mentoring new environmental, outdoor recreation, and conservation leaders to increase diverse representation across these areas.

(C) Creating new partnerships with state, local, tribal, private, and nonprofit organizations to expand access for diverse populations.

(D) Identifying and implementing improvements to existing programs to increase visitation and access by diverse populations, particularly minority, low-income, and disabled populations and tribal communities.

(E) Expanding the use of multilingual and culturally appropriate materials in public communications and educational strategies, including through social media strategies, as appropriate, that target diverse populations.

(F) Developing or expanding coordinated efforts to promote youth engagement and empowerment, including fostering new partnerships with diversity-serving and youth-serving organizations, urban areas, and programs.

(G) Identifying possible staff liaisons to diverse populations.

(9) To the extent practicable, priority for grant funding under this division will be given to a project that advances solutions to prevent displacement if a potential unintended consequence associated with park creation pursuant to the project is an increase in the cost of housing.

80002. As used in this division, the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) “Committee” means the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Finance Committee created by Section 80162.

(b) “Community access” means engagement programs, technical assistance, or facilities that maximize safe and equitable physical admittance, especially for low-income communities, to natural or cultural resources, community education, or recreational amenities.

(c) “Conservation actions on private lands” means projects with willing landowners that involve the adaptive flexible management or protection of natural resources in response to changing conditions and threats to habitat and wildlife. The actions may include the acquisition of conservation interests or fee interests in the land. These projects result in habitat conditions on private lands that, when managed dynamically over time, contribute to the long-term health and resiliency of vital ecosystems and enhance wildlife populations.

(d) “Department” means the Department of Parks and Recreation.

(e) “Disadvantaged community” means a community with a median household income less than 80 percent of the statewide average.

(f) “Fund” means the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Fund, created by Section 80032.

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(g) “Heavily urbanized city” means a city with a population of 300,000 or more.

(h) “Heavily urbanized county” means a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more.

(i) “Interpretation” includes, but is not limited to, a visitor-serving amenity that enhances the ability to understand and appreciate the significance and value of natural, historical, and cultural resources and that may utilize educational materials in multiple languages, digital information, and the expertise of a naturalist or other skilled specialist.

(j) “Nonprofit organization” means a nonprofit corporation qualified to do business in California and qualified under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(k) “Preservation” means rehabilitation, stabilization, restoration, conservation, development, and reconstruction, or any combination of those activities.

(l) “Protection” means those actions necessary to prevent harm or damage to persons, property, or natural, cultural, and historic resources, actions to improve access to public open-space areas, or actions to allow the continued use and enjoyment of property or natural, cultural, and historic resources, and includes site monitoring, acquisition, development, restoration, preservation, and interpretation.

(m) “Restoration” means the improvement of physical structures or facilities and, in the case of natural systems and landscape features, includes, but is not limited to, projects for the control of erosion, stormwater capture and storage or to otherwise reduce stormwater pollution, the control and elimination of invasive species, the planting of native species, the removal of waste and debris, prescribed burning, fuel hazard reduction, fencing out threats to existing or restored natural resources, road elimination, improving instream, riparian, or managed wetland habitat conditions, and other plant and wildlife habitat improvement to increase the natural system value of the property or coastal or ocean resource. Restoration also includes activities described in subdivision (b) of Section 79737 of the Water Code. Restoration projects shall include the planning, monitoring, and reporting necessary to ensure successful implementation of the project objectives.

(n) “Severely disadvantaged community” means a community with a median household income less than 60 percent of the statewide average.

80004. An amount that equals not more than 5 percent of the funds allocated for a grant program pursuant to this division may be used to pay the administrative costs of that program.

80006. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), up to 10 percent of funds allocated for each program funded by this division may be expended, including, but not limited to, by grants, for planning and monitoring necessary for the successful design, selection, and implementation of the projects authorized under that program. This section shall not otherwise restrict funds ordinarily used by an agency for “preliminary plans,” “working drawings,” and “construction” as defined in the annual Budget Act for a capital outlay project or grant project. Planning may include feasibility

studies for environmental site cleanup that would further the purpose of a project that is eligible for funding under this division. Monitoring may include measuring greenhouse gas emissions reductions and carbon sequestration associated with program expenditures under this division.

(b) Funds used for planning projects that benefit disadvantaged communities may exceed 10 percent of the funds allocated if the state agency administering the moneys determines that there is a need for the additional funding.

80008. (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), at least 20 percent of the funds available pursuant to each chapter of this division shall be allocated for projects serving severely disadvantaged communities.

(2) At least 15 percent of the funds available pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 80120) and Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 80130) shall be allocated for projects serving severely disadvantaged communities.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (c), up to 10 percent of the funds available pursuant to each chapter of this division may be allocated for technical assistance to disadvantaged communities. The agency administering the moneys shall operate a multidisciplinary technical assistance program for disadvantaged communities.

(2) Funds used for providing technical assistance to disadvantaged communities may exceed 10 percent of the funds allocated if the state agency administering the moneys determines that there is a need for the additional funding.

(c) (1) Up to 5 percent of funds available pursuant to each chapter of this division shall, to the extent permissible under the State General Obligation Bond Law (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 16720) of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code) and with the concurrence of the Director of Finance, be allocated for community access projects that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (A) Transportation.
- (B) Physical activity programming.
- (C) Resource interpretation.
- (D) Multilingual translation.
- (E) Natural science.
- (F) Workforce development and career pathways.
- (G) Education.
- (H) Communication related to water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and other outdoor pursuits.

(2) This subdivision does not apply to Chapter 11.1 (commencing with Section 80141) and Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 80150).

80010. Before disbursing grants pursuant to this division, each state agency that receives funding to administer a competitive grant program under this division shall do the following:

(a) (1) Develop and adopt project solicitation and evaluation guidelines. The guidelines shall include monitoring and reporting requirements and may include a limitation on the dollar amount of grants to be awarded. If

the state agency has previously developed and adopted project solicitation and evaluation guidelines that comply with the requirements of this subdivision, it may use those guidelines.

(2) Guidelines adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall encourage, where feasible, inclusion of the following project components:

(A) Efficient use and conservation of water supplies.

(B) Use of recycled water.

(C) The capture of stormwater to reduce stormwater runoff, reduce water pollution, or recharge groundwater supplies, or a combination thereof.

(D) Provision of safe and reliable drinking water supplies to park and open-space visitors.

(b) Conduct three public meetings to consider public comments before finalizing the guidelines. The state agency shall publish the draft solicitation and evaluation guidelines on its Internet Web site at least 30 days before the public meetings. One meeting shall be conducted at a location in northern California, one meeting shall be conducted at a location in the central valley of California, and one meeting shall be conducted at a location in southern California.

(c) For statewide competitive grant programs, submit the guidelines to the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency. The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall verify that the guidelines are consistent with applicable statutes and for all the purposes enumerated in this division. The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall post an electronic form of the guidelines submitted by state agencies and the subsequent verifications on the Natural Resources Agency's Internet Web site.

(d) Upon adoption, transmit copies of the guidelines to the fiscal committees and the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature.

(e) Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code does not apply to the development and adoption of program guidelines and selection criteria adopted pursuant to this division.

80012. (a) The Department of Finance shall provide for an independent audit of expenditures pursuant to this division. The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall publish a list of all program and project expenditures pursuant to this division not less than annually, in written form, and shall post an electronic form of the list on the agency's Internet Web site in a downloadable spreadsheet format. The spreadsheet shall include information about the location and footprint of each funded project, the project's objectives, the status of the project, anticipated outcomes, any matching moneys provided for the project by the grant recipient, and the applicable chapter of this division pursuant to which the grant recipient received moneys.

(b) If an audit, required by statute, of any entity that receives funding authorized by this division is conducted pursuant to state law and reveals any impropriety, the California State Auditor or the Controller may conduct a full audit of any or all of the activities of that entity.

(c) The state agency issuing any grant with funding authorized by this division shall require adequate reporting of the expenditures of the funding from the grant.

(d) The costs associated with the publications, audits, statewide bond tracking, cash management, and related oversight activities provided for in this section shall be funded from this division. These costs shall be shared proportionally by each program through this division. Actual costs incurred to administer nongrant programs authorized by this division shall be paid from the funds authorized in this division.

80014. If any moneys allocated pursuant to this division are not encumbered or expended by the recipient entity within the time period specified by the administering agency, the unexpended moneys shall revert to the administering agency for allocation consistent with the applicable chapter.

80016. To the extent feasible, a project whose application includes the use of services of the California Conservation Corps or certified community conservation corps, as defined in Section 14507.5, shall be given preference for receipt of a grant under this division.

80018. To the extent feasible, a project that includes water efficiencies, stormwater capture for infiltration or reuse, or carbon sequestration features in the project design may be given priority for grant funding under this division.

80020. Moneys allocated pursuant to this division shall not be used to fulfill any mitigation requirements imposed by law.

80022. (a) To the extent feasible in implementing this division and except as provided in subdivision (b), a state agency receiving funding under this division shall seek to achieve wildlife conservation objectives through projects on public lands or voluntary projects on private lands. Projects on private lands shall be evaluated based on the durability of the benefits created by the investment. Funds may be used for payments for the protection or creation of measurable habitat improvements or other improvements to the condition of endangered or threatened species, including through the development and implementation of habitat credit exchanges.

(b) This section shall not apply to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 80050), Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 80060), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 80080), Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 80090), Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 80140), Chapter 11.5 (commencing with Section 80145), or Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 80150).

80024. A state agency that receives funding to administer a grant program under this division shall report to the Legislature by January 1, 2027, on its expenditures pursuant to this division and the public benefits received from those expenditures.

80026. A state conservancy receiving funding pursuant to this division shall endeavor to allocate funds that are complementary, but not duplicative, of authorized expenditures made pursuant to the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014.

80028. Funds provided pursuant to this division, and any appropriation or transfer of those funds, shall not be deemed to be a transfer of funds for the purposes of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 2780) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code.

80030. For grants awarded for projects that serve a disadvantaged community, the administering entity may provide advanced payments in the amount of 25 percent of the grant award to the recipient to initiate the project in a timely manner. The administering entity shall adopt additional requirements for the recipient of the grant regarding the use of the advanced payments to ensure that the moneys are used properly.

80032. (a) The proceeds of bonds issued and sold pursuant to this division, exclusive of refunding bonds issued and sold pursuant to Section 80172, shall be deposited in the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Fund, which is hereby created in the State Treasury.

(b) Proceeds of bonds issued and sold pursuant to this division shall be allocated according to the following schedule:

(1) Two billion eight hundred thirty million dollars (\$2,830,000,000) for purposes of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 80050), Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 80060), Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 80070), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 80080), Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 80090), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 80100), Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 80110), Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 80120), and Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 80130).

(2) Two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) for Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 80140).

(3) Eighty million dollars (\$80,000,000) for Chapter 11.1 (commencing with Section 80141).

(4) Five hundred fifty million dollars (\$550,000,000) for Chapter 11.5 (commencing with Section 80145).

(5) Three hundred ninety million dollars (\$390,000,000) for Chapter 11.6 (commencing with Section 80146).

80034. The Legislature may enact legislation necessary to implement programs funded by this division.

#### CHAPTER 2. INVESTMENTS IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL EQUITY, ENHANCING CALIFORNIA'S DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES

80050. (a) The sum of seven hundred twenty-five million dollars (\$725,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the creation and expansion of safe neighborhood parks in park-poor neighborhoods in accordance with the Statewide Park Development and Community Revitalization Act of 2008's competitive grant program described in Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 5640) of Division 5.



(b) When developing or revising criteria or guidelines for the grant program, the department may give additional consideration to projects that incorporate stormwater capture and storage or otherwise reduce stormwater pollution.

(c) The department shall perform its due diligence by conducting a rigorous prequalification process to determine the fiscal and operational capacity of a potential grant recipient to manage a project to do both of the following:

- (1) Maximize the project's public benefit.
- (2) Implement the project in a timely manner.

80051. Of the amount available pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80050, not less than 20 percent shall be available for the rehabilitation, repurposing, or substantial improvement of existing park infrastructure in communities of the state that will lead to increased use and enhanced user experiences.

80052. (a) Of the amount available pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80050, to correct historic underinvestments in the central valley, Inland Empire, gateway, rural, and desert communities, the sum of forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000) shall be available for local park creation and improvement grants to the communities identified by the department as park deficient within those areas for active recreational projects, including aquatic centers, to encourage youth health, fitness, and recreational pursuits. Projects that include the partial or full donation of land, materials, or volunteer services and that demonstrate collaborations of multiple entities and the leveraging of scarce resources may be given consideration. Entities that receive a grant under this section may also be eligible to receive other grants under subdivision (a) of Section 80050.

(b) Of the amount subject to this section, twenty-two million dollars (\$22,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants to desert community towns in the County of San Bernardino, incorporated after 1990, with a population estimate of less than 22,000 according to the United States Census Bureau Population Estimates as of July 1, 2016, that have adopted a master plan as of 2008 that includes recommendations for the development of public facilities that will assist in achieving active recreational projects, including aquatic and fitness centers.

#### CHAPTER 3. INVESTMENTS IN PROTECTING, ENHANCING, AND ACCESSING CALIFORNIA'S LOCAL AND REGIONAL OUTDOOR SPACES

80060. For purposes of this chapter, "district" means any regional park district, regional park and open-space district, or regional open-space district formed pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 5500) of Chapter 3 of Division 5, any recreation and park district formed pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 5780) of Division 5, or any authority formed pursuant to Division 26 (commencing with Section 35100). With respect to any community or unincorporated region that is not included within a

district, and in which no city or county provides parks or recreational areas or facilities, “district” also means any other entity, including, but not limited to, a district operating multiple-use parklands pursuant to Division 20 (commencing with Section 71000) of the Water Code.

80061. (a) The sum of two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for local park rehabilitation, creation, and improvement grants to local governments on a per capita basis. Grant recipients shall be encouraged to utilize awards to rehabilitate existing infrastructure and to address deficiencies in neighborhoods lacking access to the outdoors.

(b) The sum of fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants to cities and districts in urbanized counties providing park and recreation services within jurisdictions of 200,000 or less in population. For purposes of this subdivision, “urbanized county” means a county with a population of 500,000 or more. An entity eligible to receive funds under this subdivision shall also be eligible to receive funds available under subdivision (a).

(c) Unless the project has been identified as serving a severely disadvantaged community, an entity that receives an award pursuant to this section shall be required to provide a match of 20 percent as a local share.

80062. (a) (1) The department shall allocate 60 percent of the funds available pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80061 to cities and districts, other than a regional park district, regional park and open-space district, open-space authority, or regional open-space district. Each city’s and district’s allocation shall be in the same ratio as the city’s or district’s population is to the combined total of the state’s population that is included in incorporated and unincorporated areas within the county, except that each city or district shall be entitled to a minimum allocation of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). If the boundary of a city overlaps the boundary of a district, the population in the overlapping area shall be attributed to each jurisdiction in proportion to the extent to which each operates and manages parks and recreational areas and facilities for that population. If the boundary of a city overlaps the boundary of a district, and in the area of overlap the city does not operate and manage parks and recreational areas and facilities, all grant funds for that area shall be allocated to the district.

(2) On or before April 1, 2020, a city and a district that are subject to paragraph (1), and whose boundaries overlap, shall collaboratively develop and submit to the department a specific plan for allocating the grant funds in accordance with the formula specified in paragraph (1). If, by that date, the plan has not been developed and submitted to the department, the director shall determine the allocation of the grant funds between the affected jurisdictions.

(b) (1) The department shall allocate 40 percent of the funds available pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80061 to counties and regional park districts, regional park and open-space districts, open-space authorities formed pursuant to Division 26 (commencing with Section 35100), and



regional open-space districts formed pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 5500) of Chapter 3 of Division 5.

(2) Each county's allocation under paragraph (1) shall be in the same ratio that the county's population is to the total state population, except that each county shall be entitled to a minimum allocation of four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000).

(3) In any county that embraces all or part of the territory of a regional park district, regional park and open-space district, open-space authority, or regional open-space district, and whose board of directors is not the county board of supervisors, the amount allocated to the county shall be apportioned between that district and the county in proportion to the population of the county that is included within the territory of the district and the population of the county that is outside the territory of the district.

(c) For the purpose of making the calculations required by this section, population shall be determined by the department, in cooperation with the Department of Finance, on the basis of the most recent verifiable census data and other verifiable population data that the department may require to be furnished by the applicant city, county, or district.

(d) The Legislature intends all recipients of funds pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80061 to use those funds to supplement local revenues in existence on the effective date of the act adding this division. To receive an allocation pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80061, the recipient shall not reduce the amount of funding otherwise available to be spent on parks or other projects eligible for funds under this division in its jurisdiction. A one-time allocation of other funding that has been expended for parks or other projects, but which is not available on an ongoing basis, shall not be considered when calculating a recipient's annual expenditures. For purposes of this subdivision, the Controller may request fiscal data from recipients for the preceding three fiscal years. Each recipient shall furnish the data to the Controller no later than 120 days after receiving the request from the Controller.

80063. (a) The director of the department shall prepare and adopt criteria and procedures for evaluating applications for grants allocated pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 80061. The application shall be accompanied by certification that the project is consistent with the park and recreation element of the applicable city or county general plan or the district park recreation plan, as the case may be.

(b) To utilize available grant funds as effectively as possible, overlapping and adjoining jurisdictions and applicants with similar objectives are encouraged to combine projects and submit a joint application. A recipient may allocate all or a portion of its per capita share for a regional or state project.

80065. (a) The sum of thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants to regional park districts, counties, and regional open-space districts, open-space authorities formed pursuant to Division 26 (commencing with Section 35100), joint powers authorities, and eligible nonprofit organizations

on a competitive grant basis to create, expand, improve, rehabilitate, or restore parks and park facilities, including, but not limited to, trails, regional trail networks, regional sports complexes, low-cost accommodations in park facilities, and visitor, outdoor, and interpretive facilities serving youth and communities of color.

(b) In awarding moneys, the department shall encourage applicants seeking funds for acquisition projects to perform projects in conjunction with new or enhanced public use and public access opportunities.

(c) Preference may be given to multiuse trail projects over single-use trail projects.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), of the amount subject to this section, the sum of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available for projects in units of the state parks system that are managed by nonprofit organizations that have entered into operating agreements with the department.

80066. The sum of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants, awarded proportionally based on populations served, to local agencies that have obtained voter approval between November 1, 2012, through November 30, 2018, inclusive, for revenue enhancement measures aimed at improving and enhancing local or regional park infrastructure. A recipient of a grant under this section shall receive at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for the purposes of the revenue enhancement measure.

#### CHAPTER 4. RESTORING CALIFORNIA'S NATURAL, HISTORIC, AND CULTURAL LEGACY

80070. The sum of two hundred eighteen million dollars (\$218,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for restoration, preservation, and protection of existing state park facilities and units. Eligible project types include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Protection of natural resources to provide climate resilience, water supply, and water quality benefits.

(b) Enhancement of access to state park facilities and units, including protection and improvement of lands adjacent to state park facilities to improve access or management efficiency.

(c) The provision of low-cost overnight accommodations in ways that enhance access and recreational opportunities for disadvantaged community residents and low-income park visitors.

(d) Implementation of projects that address the department's backlog of deferred maintenance.

80071. The department, in expending the funding available under this chapter, shall endeavor, where practical, to partner with cities, counties, nonprofit organizations, and nongovernmental organizations to maximize leveraging opportunities to enhance tourism, visitation, and visitor experiences.

80072. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80070, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available for enterprise projects that facilitate new or enhanced park use and user experiences and increase revenue generation to support operations of the department.

80073. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80070, five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available for grants to local agencies that operate a unit of the state park system to address urgent need for the restoration of aging infrastructure.

(b) For the purpose of awarding a grant under this section, a local cost share of not less than 25 percent of the total costs of the project shall be required. The cost-sharing requirement may be waived or reduced for a disadvantaged community.

80074. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80070, eighteen million dollars (\$18,000,000) shall be available to the Division of Fairs and Expositions of the Department of Food and Agriculture to provide for facility improvements for county fairs, district agricultural associations, including the Sixth District Agricultural Association, as described in Section 4101 of the Food and Agricultural Code, and the Forty-Fifth District Agricultural Association, citrus fruit fairs, and the California Exposition and State Fair.

80075. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80070, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the department to provide for lower cost coastal accommodation project development in units of the state park system.

80076. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80070, not less than twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) shall be available to the department for the protection, restoration, and enhancement of the natural resource values of the state park system, which may include all of the following:

(a) Protection and improvement of water quality and biological health in streams, aquifers, and estuarine ecosystems.

(b) Protection and restoration of natural resources and ecosystems representative of California's diverse landscapes, including landform, habitat, and biological community restoration.

(c) Acquisition, rehabilitation, restoration, protection, and expansion of wildlife corridors, including projects to improve connectivity and reduce barriers between habitat areas.

(d) Improvements of native ecosystem resilience and adaptation to climate change.

(e) Enhancement of the health of redwood forests in order to accelerate old growth characteristics, maximize carbon sequestration, improve water quality, and build climate resilience.

(f) Protection and enhancement of tribal cultural resources.

80077. (a) In expending funds made available pursuant to Section 80070, and giving first priority to the department's criteria for expenditure of funds for deferred maintenance including infrastructure needs to protect public safety, the department shall use best efforts to expend at least ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) in each of the following regions for state park units

and properties deferred maintenance projects and projects that may increase tourism and visitor experiences in those regions:

(1) Central Valley, from the City of Sacramento to the base of the Tehachapi Mountains.

(2) Central Coast.

(3) East Bay.

(4) County of Imperial and the Coachella Valley.

(5) Inland Empire.

(b) To the extent the department is unable to allocate funds for parks deferred maintenance in the regions identified in this section, it shall report to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature on the reasons it is unable to do so.

#### CHAPTER 5. TRAILS AND GREENWAY INVESTMENT

80080. (a) The sum of thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency, working in cooperation with the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for competitive grants to local agencies, state conservancies, federally recognized Native American tribes, nonfederally recognized California Native American tribes listed on the California Tribal Consultation List maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, joint powers authorities, and nonprofit organizations to provide nonmotorized infrastructure development and enhancements that promote new or alternate access to parks, waterways, outdoor recreational pursuits, and forested or other natural environments to encourage health-related active transportation and opportunities for Californians to reconnect with nature.

(b) Of the amount made available pursuant to this section, up to 25 percent may be made available to communities for innovative transportation projects that provide new and expanded outdoor experiences to disadvantaged youth.

(c) Alignment, development, and improvement of nonmotorized infrastructure and trails that lead to safer interconnectivity among parks, waterways, and natural areas may be encouraged.

(d) The Natural Resources Agency is encouraged, when designing guidelines for grants awarded under this chapter, to utilize existing program guidelines, including, if applicable, guidelines that have been established for the California Recreational Trails Act (Article 6 (commencing with Section 5070) of Chapter 1 of Division 5) and, to the extent possible, to design guidelines that are consistent with the California Recreational Trails Plan, as described in Article 6 (commencing with Section 5070) of Chapter 1 of Division 5.

80081. Unless the project has been identified as serving a disadvantaged community, an entity that receives an award under this chapter shall be required to provide a match of 20 percent.

CHAPTER 6. RURAL RECREATION, TOURISM, AND ECONOMIC ENRICHMENT  
INVESTMENT

80090. (a) The sum of twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to administer a competitive grant program for cities, counties, and districts in nonurbanized areas, that are eligible for a grant under the Roberti-Z'berg-Harris Urban Open-Space and Recreation Program Act (Chapter 3.2 (commencing with Section 5620) of Division 5). Notwithstanding subdivisions (c) and (e) of Section 5621 and for the purposes of this section, the definition of "nonurbanized area" shall be updated by the department to reflect current population levels. A nonurbanized area shall include counties with populations of less than 500,000 people and low population densities per square mile, as determined by the department. In awarding the grants, the department may consider the following factors:

(1) Whether the project would provide new recreational opportunities in rural communities that have demonstrated deficiencies and lack of outdoor infrastructure in support of economic and health-related goals.

(2) Whether the project proposes to acquire and develop lands to enhance residential recreation while promoting the quality of tourism experiences and the economic vitality of the community. These enhancements may include accessibility for individuals with disabilities, trails, bikeways, regional or destination-oriented recreational amenities, and visitor centers.

(3) Whether the project includes collaboration between public and nonprofit organizations, including, but not limited to, nonprofit land trusts, to facilitate public access to privately owned lands for regional trail development for wildlife viewing, recreation, or outdoor experiences for youth.

(b) Unless the project has been identified as serving a disadvantaged community, an entity that receives an award under this chapter shall be required to provide a match of 20 percent.

CHAPTER 7. CALIFORNIA RIVER RECREATION, CREEK, AND WATERWAY  
IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM

80100. (a) The sum of one hundred sixty-two million dollars (\$162,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants pursuant to the California River Parkways Act of 2004 (Chapter 3.8 (commencing with Section 5750) of Division 5) and the Urban Streams Restoration Program pursuant to Section 7048 of the Water Code. Eligible projects shall include, but are not limited to, projects that protect and enhance urban creeks.

(1) (A) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, thirty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$37,500,000) shall be available to the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy. Notwithstanding

subdivision (c) of Section 5753, of that amount, fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) shall be available for projects within the San Fernando Valley that protect or enhance the Los Angeles River watershed and its tributaries or headwaters, pursuant to Division 23 (commencing with Section 33000).

(B) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, thirty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$37,500,000) shall be available to the San Gabriel and Lower Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy.

(C) Funds allocated pursuant to this paragraph shall be expended pursuant to Section 79508 of the Water Code and Division 22.8 (commencing with Section 32600) and Division 23 (commencing with Section 33000).

(2) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, sixteen million dollars (\$16,000,000) shall be available to the Santa Ana River Conservancy Program pursuant to Chapter 4.6 (commencing with Section 31170) of Division 21. To the extent possible, the conservancy shall distribute funds equitably geographically along the Santa Ana River.

(3) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available to the Lower American River Conservancy Program pursuant to Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 5845) of Division 5.

(4) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, three million dollars (\$3,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for projects supporting the preservation of the Los Gatos Creek and Upper Guadalupe River Watersheds and the protection of associated redwoods.

(5) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, three million dollars (\$3,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for projects supporting a comprehensive regional use management plan for the Russian River to reduce conflict and promote water supply improvements, habitat restoration and protection, cooperative public recreation, and commercial activity.

(6) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy for river parkway projects along the Santa Margarita River in San Diego County.

(7) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for improvements in and around Clear Lake and its watershed that demonstrate a comprehensive local and regional approach to restoration, public recreation, and management of the lake and its surrounding resources and recreation areas.

(8) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available for purposes of the California River Parkways Act of 2004 (Chapter 3.8 (commencing with Section 5750)).

(9) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be made available to the Department of Water Resources, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to implement the Urban



Streams Restoration Program, established pursuant to Section 7048 of the Water Code.

(10) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for river parkway projects along the Los Angeles River in the City of Glendale that include connectivity to parks and open space in neighboring communities.

(b) Unless the project has been identified as serving a disadvantaged community, an entity that receives an award under this chapter shall be required to provide a match of 20 percent.

(c) To maximize cooperation and leverage resources, the Natural Resources Agency may give priority to projects that include partnerships among federal, state, and local agencies and to projects proposed by nonprofit organizations, including, but not limited to, nonprofit land trusts, and grants that may complement a natural community conservation plan.

80101. To the maximum extent feasible, the Natural Resources Agency is encouraged, when developing guidelines for grants awarded under this chapter, to utilize existing programs where communities enter into partnerships with state agencies for multibenefit projects to enhance and restore waterways, including, but not limited to, the Riverine Stewardship Technical Assistance program.

CHAPTER 8. STATE CONSERVANCY, WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD,  
AND AUTHORITY FUNDING

80110. The sum of seven hundred sixty-seven million dollars (\$767,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, as described in this chapter.

(a) Thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the Salton Sea Authority for capital outlay projects that provide air quality and habitat benefits and that implement the Natural Resources Agency's Salton Sea Management Program. Of this amount, not less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available to the Salton Sea Authority for purposes consistent with the New River Water Quality, Public Health, and River Parkway Development Program, as described in Section 71103.6.

(b) One hundred eighty million dollars (\$180,000,000) shall be available to the following conservancies according to their governing statutes for their specified purposes in accordance with the following schedule:

- (1) Baldwin Hills Conservancy, six million dollars (\$6,000,000).
- (2) California Tahoe Conservancy, twenty-seven million dollars (\$27,000,000).
- (3) Coachella Valley Mountains Conservancy, seven million dollars (\$7,000,000).
- (4) Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Conservancy, twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000).
- (5) San Diego River Conservancy, twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000).

(6) San Gabriel and Lower Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000).

(7) San Joaquin River Conservancy, six million dollars (\$6,000,000).

(8) Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000).

(9) Sierra Nevada Conservancy, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000).

(10) State Coastal Conservancy, twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) for grants pursuant to Section 66704.5 of the Government Code for the purpose of San Francisco Bay restoration in accordance with the San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority Act (Title 7.25 (commencing with Section 66700) of the Government Code). Notwithstanding subdivision (e) of Section 66704.5 of the Government Code, the State Coastal Conservancy shall establish a matching grant requirement for a grant awarded pursuant to this paragraph.

(c) One hundred thirty-seven million dollars (\$137,000,000) shall be available to the Wildlife Conservation Board.

80111. The amount available to the Wildlife Conservation Board pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 80110 is allocated as follows:

(a) Five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available for the development of regional conservation investment strategies that are not otherwise funded pursuant to Section 800 of the Streets and Highways Code or any other law.

(b) At least fifty-two million dollars (\$52,000,000) shall be available for the acquisition, development, rehabilitation, restoration, protection, and expansion of habitat that furthers the implementation of natural community conservation plans adopted pursuant to the Natural Community Conservation Planning Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 2800) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code) to help resolve resource conflicts by balancing communitywide conservation, planning, and economic activities or other large-scale habitat conservation plans that resolve resource conflicts with provisions for conservation, planning, and economic activities. Funding pursuant to this paragraph shall not be used to offset mitigation obligations otherwise required, but may be used as part of a funding partnership to enhance, expand, or augment conservation efforts required by mitigation.

(c) Up to ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) may be granted to the University of California Natural Reserve System for matching grants for acquisition of land, construction and development of research facilities to improve the management of natural lands, for preservation of California's wildlife resources, and to further research related to climate change. The Wildlife Conservation Board shall establish a matching grant requirement for grants awarded pursuant to this subdivision.

(d) The remainder of the amount available shall be available to the Wildlife Conservation Board to provide funding for the following projects:

(1) Projects to protect and enhance national recreation areas serving heavily urbanized areas or, in coordination with the State Lands Commission, to acquire an interest in federal public lands that may be proposed for sale or disposal.



(2) Projects according to the Wildlife Conservation Board's governing statutes for its specified purposes.

80112. A receiving entity listed in subdivision (b) of Section 80110 shall develop and adopt a strategic master plan that identifies priorities and specific criteria for selecting projects for funding. The strategic plan shall include strategies for providing public access to conserved lands wherever feasible and be consistent with project goals and objectives.

80113. Entities, in expending the funding available under this chapter, shall endeavor, where practical, to partner with cities, counties, nonprofit organizations, joint powers authorities, and nongovernmental organizations to acquire open space and create urban greenway corridors.

80114. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80110, two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for implementation of voluntary agreements that provide multibenefit water quality, water supply, and watershed protection and restoration for the watersheds of the state to achieve the objectives of integrating regulatory and voluntary efforts, implementing an updated State Water Resources Control Boards' San Francisco Bay/Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Estuary Water Quality Control Plan, and ensuring ecological benefits. Expenditure of funds provided in this section shall be in accordance with the following:

(1) For the purposes of this section, watershed restoration includes activities to fund wetland habitat, salmon, steelhead, and fishery benefits, improve and restore river health, modernize stream crossings, culverts, and bridges, reconnect historical flood plains, install or improve fish screens, provide fish passages, restore river channels, restore or enhance riparian, aquatic, and terrestrial habitat, improve ecological functions, acquire from willing sellers conservation easements for riparian buffer strips, improve local watershed management, predation management, hatchery management, and remove sediment or trash.

(2) For purposes of this section, funds may be used for projects that measurably enhance streamflows at a time and location necessary to provide fisheries or ecosystem benefits or improvements that improve upon existing flow conditions. Project types that may be eligible include, but are not limited to, water transactions such as lease, purchase, or exchange, change of use petitions to benefit fish and wildlife, surface storage to be used to enhance streamflow, forbearance of water rights, changes in water management, groundwater storage and conjunctive use, habitat restoration projects that reshape the stream hydrograph, water efficiency generally, irrigation efficiency and water infrastructure improvements that save water and enable reshaping of the stream hydrograph, reconnecting flood flows with restored flood plains, and reservoir reoperations both at existing and new storage sites.

(b) The funds authorized by this section shall be available for direct expenditures and local assistance grants by the Natural Resources Agency, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, that satisfy all of the following:

(1) Implement voluntary agreements executed by the Department of Fish and Wildlife with federal and state agencies, local government, water districts and agencies, and nongovernmental organizations that improve ecological flows and habitat for species, create water supply and regulatory certainty for water users, and foster a collaborative approach to facilitate implementation of the State Water Resources Control Board's Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan.

(2) Implement a voluntary agreement submitted by the Department of Fish and Wildlife to the State Water Resources Control Board on or before June 1, 2018, for consideration.

(3) Implement a voluntary agreement that is of statewide significance, restores natural aquatic or riparian functions or wetlands habitat for birds and aquatic species, protects or promotes the restoration of endangered or threatened species, enhances the reliability of water supplies on a regional or interregional basis, and provides significant regional or statewide economic benefits.

(c) Funds provided by this section shall not be expended to pay the costs of the design, construction, operation, mitigation, or maintenance of Delta conveyance facilities.

(d) If the Department of Fish and Wildlife submits a voluntary agreement that satisfies paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), unencumbered funds available pursuant to this section to implement that voluntary agreement shall no longer be available 15 years after the date the State Water Resources Control Board approves the submitted agreement, at which point funds remaining available pursuant to this section shall become available to the Natural Resources Agency for the purposes of Sections 79732 and 79736 of the Water Code. If no voluntary agreements are submitted on or before June 1, 2018, any remaining funds shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for the purposes of Sections 79732 and 79736 of the Water Code. The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall ensure an annual reporting of the funds pursuant to Section 80012.

80115. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80110, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for capital improvements that address the Department of Fish and Wildlife's backlog of deferred maintenance. Where practical, the Department of Fish and Wildlife shall partner with nonprofit organizations and nongovernmental organizations to inform the expenditure of these funds, enhance visitor experience, and where feasible, increase engagement with youth and disadvantaged communities.

80116. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80110, one hundred seventy million dollars (\$170,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for restoration activities identified in the Salton Sea Management Program Phase I: 10 Year Plan, dated March 2017, the final management plan report, and any subsequent revisions to this plan.

## CHAPTER 9. OCEAN, BAY, AND COASTAL PROTECTION

80120. The sum of one hundred seventy-five million dollars (\$175,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to fund projects that enhance and protect coastal and ocean resources, as follows:

(a) The sum of thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000) shall be available for deposit into the California Ocean Protection Trust Fund for grants consistent with Section 35650. Priority shall be given to projects that conserve, protect, and restore marine wildlife and healthy ocean and coastal ecosystems with a focus on the state's system of marine protected areas and sustainable fisheries.

(b) The sum of thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy to provide for lower cost coastal accommodation grants and project development to public agencies and nonprofit organizations.

(c) The sum of eighty-five million dollars (\$85,000,000) shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy for the protection of beaches, bays, wetlands, and coastal watershed resources pursuant to Division 21 (commencing with Section 31000). This shall include the acquisition of, or conservation easements on, land in or adjacent to the California coastal zone with open space, recreational, biological, cultural, scenic, or agricultural values, or lands adjacent to marine protected areas, including marine conservation areas, whose preservation will contribute to the ecological quality of those marine protected areas. This shall also include the protection of coastal agricultural resources pursuant to Section 31150 and projects to complete the California Coastal Trail pursuant to Section 31408.

(d) Twenty-five percent of the amount available pursuant to subdivision (c) shall be available to the San Francisco Bay Area Conservancy Program (Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 31160) of Division 21).

(e) The sum of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy for grants and expenditures for the protection, restoration, and improvement of coastal forest watersheds, including managed forest lands, forest reserve areas, redwood forests, and other forest types. Eligible project types shall include projects that improve water quality and supply, increase coastal watershed storage capacity, reduce fire risk, provide habitat for fish and wildlife, or improve coastal forest health.

(f) The sum of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy for acquisition of parcels that will allow for protection and restoration of coastal dune, wetland, upland, and forest habitat associated with estuarine lagoons and designated wildlife areas.

80121. In implementing Section 80120, the administering entity may give special consideration to the acquisition of lands that are in deferred certification areas of local coastal plans or that complement natural community conservation plans.

CHAPTER 10. CLIMATE PREPAREDNESS, HABITAT RESILIENCY, RESOURCE  
ENHANCEMENT, AND INNOVATION

80130. The sum of four hundred forty-three million dollars (\$443,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, as competitive grants for projects that plan, develop, and implement climate adaptation and resiliency projects. Eligible projects shall improve a community's ability to adapt to the unavoidable impacts of climate change, improve and protect coastal and rural economies, agricultural viability, wildlife corridors, or habitat, develop future recreational opportunities, or enhance drought tolerance, landscape resilience, and water retention.

80131. In implementing Section 80130, special consideration may be given to the acquisition of lands that are in deferred certification areas of local coastal plans.

80132. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, eighteen million dollars (\$18,000,000) shall be available to the Wildlife Conservation Board for direct expenditures pursuant to the Wildlife Conservation Law of 1947 (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1300) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code) and for grants for any of the following:

(1) Projects for the acquisition, development, rehabilitation, restoration, protection, and expansion of wildlife corridors and open space, including projects to improve connectivity and reduce barriers between habitat areas. In awarding grants pursuant to this paragraph, the Wildlife Conservation Board shall give priority to projects that protect wildlife corridors, including wildlife corridors threatened by urban development.

(2) Projects for the acquisition, development, rehabilitation, restoration, protection, and expansion of habitat that promote the recovery of threatened and endangered species.

(3) Projects to improve climate adaptation and resilience of natural systems.

(4) Projects to protect and improve existing open-space corridors and trail linkages related to utility, transportation, or water infrastructure that provide habitat connectivity and public access or trails.

(5) Projects for wildlife rehabilitation facilities after consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife.

(6) Projects to control invasive plants or insects that degrade wildlife corridors or habitat linkages, inhibit the recovery of threatened or endangered species, or reduce the climate resilience of a natural system.

(7) Projects to enhance wildlife habitat, recognizing the highly variable habitat needs required by fish and wildlife. Eligible projects include acquisition of water or water rights from willing sellers, acquisition of land that includes water rights or contractual rights to water, short- or long-term water transfers and leases, projects that provide water for fish and wildlife, projects that improve aquatic or riparian habitat conditions, or projects to benefit salmon and steelhead.

(8) Implementation of conservation actions and habitat enhancement actions that measurably advance the conservation objectives of regional conservation investment strategies approved pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 1850) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code.

(9) Provision of hunting and other wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities to the public through voluntary agreement with private landowners, including opportunities pursuant to Section 1572 of the Fish and Game Code.

(b) In implementing this section, the Wildlife Conservation Board may provide matching grants for incentives to landowners for conservation actions on private lands or use of voluntary habitat credit exchange mechanisms. A matching grant shall not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of the incentive program.

(c) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available for the acquisition, development, rehabilitation, restoration, protection, and expansion of wildlife corridors and open space to improve connectivity and reduce barriers between habitat areas and to protect and restore habitat associated with the Pacific Flyway. In awarding grants pursuant to this subdivision, priority may be given to projects that protect wildlife corridors. Of the amount described in this subdivision, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available for the California Waterfowl Habitat Program.

(d) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, not less than twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for projects to restore rivers and streams in support of fisheries and wildlife, including, but not limited to, reconnection of rivers with their flood plains, riparian and side-channel habitat restoration activities described in subdivision (b) of Section 79737 of the Water Code, and restoration and protection of upper watershed forests and meadow systems that are important for fish and wildlife resources. Subdivision (f) of Section 79738 of the Water Code applies to this subdivision. Of the amount available pursuant to this subdivision, at least five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be available for restoration projects in the Klamath-Trinity watershed for the benefit of salmon and steelhead. Priority shall be given to projects supported by multistakeholder public or private partnerships, or both, using a science-based approach and measurable objectives to guide identification, design, and implementation of regional actions to benefit salmon and steelhead.

(e) (1) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, not less than sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000) shall be available to the Wildlife Conservation Board for construction, repair, modification, or removal of transportation or water resources infrastructure to improve wildlife or fish passage.

(2) Of the amount subject to paragraph (1), at least thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for restoration of Southern California Steelhead habitat consistent with the Department of Fish and Wildlife's Steelhead Restoration and Management

Plan and the National Marine Fisheries Service's Southern California Steelhead Recovery Plan. Projects that remove significant barriers to steelhead migration and include other habitat restoration and associated infrastructure improvements shall be the highest priority.

(f) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, not less than sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000) shall be available to the Wildlife Conservation Board for the protection, restoration, and improvement of upper watershed lands in the Sierra Nevada and Cascade Mountains, including forest lands, meadows, wetlands, chaparral, and riparian habitat, in order to protect and improve water supply and water quality, improve forest health, reduce wildfire danger, mitigate the effects of wildfires on water quality and supply, increase flood protection, or to protect or restore riparian or aquatic resources.

(g) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, at least thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Fish and Wildlife to improve conditions for fish and wildlife in streams, rivers, wildlife refuges, wetland habitat areas, and estuaries. Eligible projects include acquisition of water from willing sellers, acquisition of land that includes water rights or contractual rights to water, short- or long-term water transfers or leases, provision of water for fish and wildlife, or improvement of aquatic or riparian habitat conditions. In implementing this section, the Department of Fish and Wildlife may provide grants under the Fisheries Restoration Grant Program with priority given to coastal waters.

(h) The Wildlife Conservation Board shall update its strategic master plan that identifies priorities and specific criteria for selecting projects pursuant to subdivision (a).

(i) Activities funded pursuant to this section shall be consistent with the state's climate adaptation strategy, as provided in Section 71153, and the statewide objectives provided in Section 71154.

80133. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) shall be available for deposit into the California Ocean Protection Trust Fund, established pursuant to Section 35650, for projects that assist coastal communities, including those reliant on commercial fisheries, with adaptation to climate change, including projects that address ocean acidification, sea level rise, or habitat restoration and protection, including, but not limited to, the protection of coastal habitat associated with the Pacific Flyway.

(b) Thirty-five percent of the amount available pursuant to this section shall be available to the San Francisco Bay Area Conservancy Program (Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 31160) of Division 21).

(c) Twelve percent of the amount available pursuant to this section shall be available to the State Coastal Conservancy to fund a conservation program at West Coyote Hills.

(d) The remainder of the amount available pursuant to this section shall be available pursuant to Section 31113.

80134. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available to plan, develop, and



implement innovative farm and ranch management practices and protections that improve climate adaptation and resiliency by improving the soil health, carbon sequestration, and habitat of California's farm and ranch lands and affiliated habitat, including working lands, open space, or riparian corridors, and that increase water retention and absorption, habitat values, species protection, and economic viability to reduce development pressure.

(b) Of the amount subject to this section, the sum of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Food and Agriculture for grants to promote practices on farms and ranches that improve agricultural and open-space soil health, carbon soil sequestration, erosion control, water quality, and water retention.

(c) (1) Of the amount subject to this section, the sum of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Conservation to protect, restore, or enhance working lands and riparian corridors through conservation easements or other conservation actions, including actions pursuant to Section 9084 and the California Farmland Conservancy Program (Division 10.2 (commencing with Section 10200)).

(2) Up to fifty percent of the funds available pursuant to this subdivision may be allocated to the Department of Conservation for watershed restoration and conservation projects on agricultural lands pursuant to Section 9084.

80135. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, except as provided in subdivision (c), for projects that provide ecological restoration of forests. Projects may include, but are not limited to, forest restoration activities that include hazardous fuel reduction, postfire watershed rehabilitation, prescribed or managed burns, acquisition of forest conservation easements or fee interests, and forest management practices that promote forest resilience to severe wildfire, climate change, and other disturbances. The Department of Forestry and Fire Protection shall achieve geographic balance with the moneys allocated pursuant to this section and may, where appropriate, include activities on lands owned by the United States.

(b) Not less than 30 percent of the amount available pursuant to this section shall be allocated for urban forestry projects pursuant to Section 4799.12. The Department of Forestry and Fire Protection shall allocate no less than 50 percent of the moneys allocated pursuant to this subdivision for the expansion of the urban forestry program to previously underserved local entities in order to achieve geographic balance.

(c) Of the amount subject to this section, 50 percent shall be allocated directly to the Sierra Nevada Conservancy to administer projects pursuant to this section for purposes of implementing the Sierra Nevada Watershed Improvement Program. For purposes of this section, the Sierra Nevada Conservancy may allocate funds to the California Tahoe Conservancy for projects within the jurisdiction of the California Tahoe Conservancy.

80136. Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) shall be available to the California Conservation Corps for projects to rehabilitate or improve local and state

parcs, restore watersheds and riparian zones, regional and community-level fuel load reduction, compost application and food waste management, resources conservation and restoration projects, and for facility or equipment acquisition, development, restoration, and rehabilitation. Not less than 50 percent of the amount available pursuant to this section shall be allocated for grants to certified local community conservation corps, as defined in Section 14507.5.

80137. (a) Of the amount made available pursuant to Section 80130, sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000) shall be made available to the Natural Resources Agency for competitive grants to local agencies, nonprofit organizations, nongovernmental land conservation organizations, federally recognized Native American tribes, or nonfederally recognized California Native American tribes listed on the California Tribal Consultation List maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, to do any of the following:

(1) Restore, protect, and acquire Native American, natural, cultural, and historic resources within the state.

(2) Convert and repurpose properties or parts of properties that served as the site of a fossil fuel powerplant that had been retired on the effective date of this division, or were scheduled to be retired prior to January 1, 2021, to create permanently protected open space, tourism, and park opportunities through fee title or conservation easements.

(3) Enhance visitor experiences through development, expansion, and improvement of science centers operated by foundations or other nonprofit organizations in heavily urbanized areas.

(4) Enhance park, water, and natural resource values through improved recreation, tourism, and natural resource investments in those areas of the state not within the jurisdiction of a state conservancy.

(5) Promote, develop, and improve any of the following:

(A) Community, civic, or athletic venues.

(B) Cultural or visitor centers that recognize that contributions of California's ethnic communities or celebrate the unique traditions of these communities, including those of Asian and Hispanic descent.

(C) Visitor centers or nonprofit aquariums that educate the public about natural landscapes, aquatic species, or wildlife migratory patterns.

(b) Of the amount subject to this section, twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) shall be available for multibenefit green infrastructure investments in or benefiting disadvantaged or severely disadvantaged communities.

#### CHAPTER 11. CLEAN DRINKING WATER AND DROUGHT PREPAREDNESS

80140. (a) The sum of two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes described in Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 79720) of Division 26.7 of the Water Code.



(b) Of the funds authorized by subdivision (a), thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) shall be available for grants to regional water supply projects within the San Joaquin River hydrologic unit that diversify local water supplies by providing local surface water to communities that are dependent on contaminated groundwater, reduce municipal groundwater pumping, and benefit agricultural and municipal water supplies.

#### CHAPTER 11.1. GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY

80141. (a) The sum of eighty million dollars (\$80,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to the state board for competitive grants for projects for treatment and remediation activities that prevent or reduce the contamination of groundwater that serves as a source of drinking water.

(b) Projects shall be prioritized based upon the following criteria:

(1) The threat posed by groundwater contamination to the affected community's overall drinking water supplies, including an urgent need for treatment of alternative supplies or increased water imports if groundwater is not available due to contamination. For the purposes of this paragraph, treatment includes ongoing operation and maintenance of existing facilities.

(2) The potential for groundwater contamination to spread and impair drinking water supply and water storage for nearby population areas.

(3) The potential of the project, if fully implemented, to enhance local water supply reliability.

(4) The potential of the project to maximize opportunities to recharge vulnerable, high-use groundwater basins and optimize groundwater supplies.

(5) The project addresses contamination at a site for which the courts or the appropriate regulatory authority has not yet identified responsible parties, or where the identified responsible parties are unwilling or unable to pay for the total cost of cleanup, including water supply reliability improvement for critical urban water supplies in designated superfund areas with groundwater contamination listed on the National Priorities List established pursuant to Section 105(a)(8)(B) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605(a)(8)(B)).

(c) Funding authorized by this chapter shall not be used to pay any share of the costs of remediation recovered from parties responsible for the contamination of a groundwater storage aquifer, but may be used to pay costs that cannot be recovered from responsible parties. Parties that receive funding for remediating groundwater storage aquifers shall exercise reasonable efforts to recover the costs of groundwater cleanup from the parties responsible for the contamination. Funds recovered from responsible parties may only be used to fund treatment and remediation activities including operations and maintenance.

(d) The contaminants that may be addressed with funding pursuant to this chapter may include, but shall not be limited to, nitrates, perchlorate,

MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether), arsenic, selenium, hexavalent chromium, mercury, PCE (perchloroethylene), TCE (trichloroethylene), DCE (dichloroethene), DCA (dichloroethane), 1,2,3-TCP (trichloropropane), carbon tetrachloride, 1,4-dioxane, 1,4-dioxacyclohexane, nitrosodimethylamine, bromide, iron, manganese, and uranium.

(e) A project that receives funding pursuant to this chapter shall be selected by a competitive grant process with added consideration for those projects that leverage private, federal, or local funding.

(f) For the purposes of awarding funding under this chapter, a local cost share of not less than 50 percent of the total costs of the project shall be required. The cost-sharing requirement may be waived or reduced for projects that directly benefit a disadvantaged community or an economically distressed area.

(g) The state board may assess the capacity of a community to pay for the operation and maintenance of a facility to be funded by a grant awarded under this chapter.

(h) At least 10 percent of the funds available pursuant to this chapter shall be allocated for projects serving severely disadvantaged communities.

(i) Funding authorized by this chapter may include funding for technical assistance to disadvantaged communities. The agency administering this funding shall operate a multidisciplinary technical assistance program for small and disadvantaged communities.

(j) Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 16727 of the Government Code do not apply to this chapter.

#### CHAPTER 11.5. FLOOD PROTECTION AND REPAIR

80145. (a) The sum of five hundred fifty million dollars (\$550,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for flood protection and repair.

(1) (A) Of the funds available pursuant to this subdivision, three hundred fifty million dollars (\$350,000,000) shall be available to the Department of Water Resources for flood protection facilities, levee improvements, and related investments that protect persons and property from flood damage in the Central Valley. The Department of Water Resources may require that moneys provided under this paragraph be matched by local and regional public agencies.

(B) Of the amount subject to this paragraph, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) shall be available for levee repairs and restoration within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta.

(C) Of the amount subject to this paragraph, three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000) shall be available for multibenefit projects that achieve public safety improvements and measurable fish and wildlife enhancement. The Department of Water Resources shall coordinate the expenditure of multibenefit funds with the Central Valley Flood Protection Board and the Department of Fish and Wildlife. Eligible projects include, but are not

limited to, levee setbacks, creation or enhancement of flood plains or bypasses, groundwater recharge projects in flood plains, and land acquisition and easements necessary for these projects.

(2) Of the funds available pursuant to this subdivision, one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be available for the purposes of stormwater, mudslide, and other flash-flood-related protections.

(3) Of the amount made available pursuant to this subdivision, one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be available to the Natural Resources Agency for competitive grants for the purposes of multibenefit projects in urbanized areas to address flooding. Eligible projects shall include, but are not limited to, stormwater capture and reuse, planning and implementation of low-impact development, restoration of urban streams and watersheds, and increasing permeable surfaces to help reduce flooding.

(4) Funding made available pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) shall support projects that protect persons and property from flood damage. Unless the project has been identified as serving a disadvantaged community, an entity that receives an award pursuant to paragraphs (2) or (3) shall be required to provide a match of 25 percent as a local share.

(b) Funds provided by this chapter shall not be expended to pay the costs of the design, construction, operation, mitigation, or maintenance of Delta conveyance facilities. Those costs shall be the responsibility of the water agencies that benefit from the design, construction, operation, mitigation, or maintenance of those facilities.

#### CHAPTER 11.6. REGIONAL SUSTAINABILITY FOR DROUGHT AND GROUNDWATER, AND WATER RECYCLING

80146. (a) The sum of two hundred ninety million dollars (\$290,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for drought and groundwater investments to achieve regional sustainability. Expenditure of these funds may include planning, design, and implementation projects through competitive grants and loans for investments in groundwater recharge with surface water, stormwater, recycled water, and other conjunctive use projects, and projects to prevent or clean up contamination of groundwater that serves as a source of drinking water.

(b) Of the funds made available pursuant to this section, fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) shall be available pursuant to Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 79770) of Division 26.7 of the Water Code for the purposes described in Section 79775 of the Water Code.

80147. (a) The sum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 79765) of Division 26.7 of the Water Code, except that the provisions of Section 79143 of the Water Code shall not apply to a loan or grant awarded under this section.

(b) Of the funds made available pursuant to this section, up to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) shall be available for the State Water Efficiency and Enhancement Program administered by the Department of Food and Agriculture.

#### CHAPTER 12. ADVANCE PAYMENT FOR WATER PROJECTS

80150. (a) Within 90 days of notice that a grant under this division for projects included and implemented in an integrated regional water management plan has been awarded, the regional water management group shall provide the administering agency with a list of projects to be funded with the grant funds where the project proponent is a nonprofit organization or a disadvantaged community, or the project benefits a disadvantaged community. The list shall specify how the projects are consistent with the adopted integrated regional water management plan and shall include all of the following information:

(1) Descriptive information concerning each project identified.

(2) The names of the entities that will receive the funding for each project, including, but not limited to, an identification as to whether the project proponent or proponents are nonprofit organizations or a disadvantaged community.

(3) The budget of each project.

(4) The anticipated schedule for each project.

(b) Within 60 days of receiving the project information pursuant to subdivision (a), the administering agency may provide advance payment of 50 percent of the grant award for those projects that satisfy both of the following criteria:

(1) The project proponent is a nonprofit organization or a disadvantaged community, or the project benefits a disadvantaged community.

(2) The grant award for the project is less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

(c) Funds advanced pursuant to subdivision (b) shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) The recipient shall place the funds in a noninterest-bearing account until expended.

(2) The funds shall be spent within six months of the date of receipt, unless the administering agency waives this requirement.

(3) The recipient shall, on a quarterly basis, provide an accountability report to the administering agency regarding the expenditure and use of any advance grant funds that provides, at a minimum, the following information:

(A) An itemization as to how advance payment funds provided under this section have been expended.

(B) A project itemization as to how any remaining advance payment funds provided under this section will be expended over the period specified in paragraph (2).

(C) A description of whether the funds are placed in a noninterest-bearing account, and if so, the date that occurred and the dates of withdrawals of funds from that account, if applicable.

(4) If funds are not expended, the unused portion of the grant shall be returned to the administering agency within 60 days after project completion or the end of the grant performance period, whichever is earlier.

(5) The administering agency may adopt additional requirements for the recipient regarding the use of the advance payment to ensure that the funds are used properly.

#### CHAPTER 13. FISCAL PROVISIONS

80160. (a) Bonds in the total amount of four billion dollars (\$4,000,000,000), and any additional bonds authorized, issued, and appropriated in accordance with this division pursuant to other provisions of law, not including the amount of any refunding bonds issued in accordance with Section 80172, may be issued and sold to provide a fund to be used for carrying out the purposes expressed in this division and to reimburse the General Obligation Bond Expense Revolving Fund pursuant to Section 16724.5 of the Government Code. The bonds, when sold, issued, and delivered, shall be and constitute a valid and binding obligation of the State of California, and the full faith and credit of the State of California is hereby pledged for the punctual payment of both the principal of, and interest on, the bonds as the principal and interest become due and payable.

(b) The Treasurer shall sell the bonds authorized by the committee pursuant to this section. The bonds shall be sold upon the terms and conditions specified in a resolution to be adopted by the committee pursuant to Section 16731 of the Government Code.

80161. The bonds authorized by this division shall be prepared, executed, issued, sold, paid, and redeemed as provided in the State General Obligation Bond Law (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 16720) of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code), as amended from time to time, and all of the provisions of that law apply to the bonds and to this division.

80162. (a) Solely for the purpose of authorizing the issuance and sale, pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 16720) of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code), of the bonds authorized by this division, the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Finance Committee is hereby created. For purposes of this division, the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Finance Committee is the “committee” as that term is used in the State General Obligation Bond Law.

(b) The committee consists of the Director of Finance, the Treasurer, and the Controller. Notwithstanding any other law, any member may

designate a representative to act as that member in his or her place for all purposes, as though the member were personally present.

(c) The Treasurer shall serve as the chairperson of the committee.

(d) A majority of the committee may act for the committee.

80163. The committee shall determine whether or not it is necessary or desirable to issue bonds authorized by this division in order to carry out the actions specified in this division and, if so, the amount of bonds to be issued and sold. Successive issues of bonds may be authorized and sold to carry out those actions progressively, and it is not necessary that all of the bonds authorized to be issued be sold at any one time.

80164. For purposes of the State General Obligation Bond Law, “board,” as defined in Section 16722 of the Government Code, means the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency.

80165. There shall be collected each year and in the same manner and at the same time as other state revenue is collected, in addition to the ordinary revenues of the state, a sum in an amount required to pay the principal of, and interest on, the bonds each year. It is the duty of all officers charged by law with any duty in regard to the collection of the revenue to do and perform each and every act that is necessary to collect that additional sum.

80166. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, there is hereby appropriated from the General Fund in the State Treasury, for the purposes of this division, an amount that will equal the total of the following:

(a) The sum annually necessary to pay the principal of, and interest on, bonds issued and sold pursuant to this division, as the principal and interest become due and payable.

(b) The sum that is necessary to carry out the provisions of Section 80169, appropriated without regard to fiscal years.

80167. The board may request the Pooled Money Investment Board to make a loan from the Pooled Money Investment Account, including other authorized forms of interim financing that include, but are not limited to, commercial paper, in accordance with Section 16312 of the Government Code for the purpose of carrying out this division. The amount of the request shall not exceed the amount of the unsold bonds that the committee has, by resolution, authorized to be sold for the purpose of carrying out this division, excluding refunding bonds authorized pursuant to Section 80172, less any amount loaned and not yet repaid pursuant to this section and withdrawn from the General Fund pursuant to Section 80169 and not yet returned to the General Fund. The board shall execute those documents required by the Pooled Money Investment Board to obtain and repay the loan. Any amounts loaned shall be deposited in the fund to be allocated in accordance with this division.

80168. Notwithstanding any other provision of this division, or of the State General Obligation Bond Law, if the Treasurer sells bonds that include a bond counsel opinion to the effect that the interest on the bonds is excluded from gross income for federal tax purposes under designated conditions or is otherwise entitled to any federal tax advantage, the Treasurer may maintain separate accounts for the bond proceeds invested and for the investment



earnings on those proceeds, and may use or direct the use of those proceeds or earnings to pay any rebate, penalty, or other payment required under federal law or take any other action with respect to the investment and use of those bond proceeds, as may be required or desirable under federal law in order to maintain the tax-exempt status of those bonds and to obtain any other advantage under federal law on behalf of the funds of this state.

80169. For the purposes of carrying out this division, the Director of Finance may authorize the withdrawal from the General Fund of an amount or amounts not to exceed the amount of the unsold bonds that have been authorized by the committee to be sold for the purpose of carrying out this division, excluding refunding bonds authorized pursuant to Section 80172, less any amount loaned pursuant to Section 80167 and not yet repaid and any amount withdrawn from the General Fund pursuant to this section and not yet returned to the General Fund. Any amounts withdrawn shall be deposited in the fund to be allocated in accordance with this division. Any moneys made available under this section shall be returned to the General Fund, with interest at the rate earned by the moneys in the Pooled Money Investment Account, from proceeds received from the sale of bonds for the purpose of carrying out this division.

80170. All moneys deposited in the fund that are derived from premium and accrued interest on bonds sold pursuant to this division shall be reserved in the fund and shall be available for transfer to the General Fund as a credit to expenditures for bond interest, except that amounts derived from premiums may be reserved and used to pay the cost of bond issuance prior to any transfer to the General Fund.

80171. Pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 16720) of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the cost of bond issuance shall be paid or reimbursed out of the bond proceeds, including premiums, if any. To the extent the cost of bond issuance is not paid from premiums received from the sale of bonds, these costs shall be allocated proportionally to each program funded through this division by the applicable bond sale.

80172. The bonds issued and sold pursuant to this division may be refunded in accordance with Article 6 (commencing with Section 16780) of Chapter 4 of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code, which is a part of the State General Obligation Bond Law. Approval by the voters of the state for the issuance of the bonds under this division shall include approval of the issuance of any bonds issued to refund any bonds originally issued under this division or any previously issued refunding bonds. Any bond refunded with the proceeds of a refunding bond as authorized by this section may be legally defeased to the extent permitted by law in the manner and to the extent set forth in the resolution, as amended from time to time, authorizing that refunded bond.

80173. The proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by this division are not "proceeds of taxes" as that term is used in Article XIII B of the California Constitution, and the disbursement of these proceeds is not subject to the limitations imposed by that article.

SEC. 4. Section 79772.5 is added to the Water Code, to read:

79772.5. Notwithstanding any other law, eighty million dollars (\$80,000,000) of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of Section 79772 are reallocated to finance the purposes of, and shall be authorized, issued, and appropriated in accordance with, Division 45 (commencing with Section 80000) of the Public Resources Code.

SEC. 5. Sections 1 to 4, inclusive, of this act shall take effect upon the approval by the voters of the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, as set forth in Section 3 of this act, including changes to the California Clean Water, Clean Air, Safe Neighborhood Parks, and Coastal Protection Act of 2002, as set forth in Section 1 of this act, the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006, as set forth in Section 2 of this act, and the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, as set forth in Section 4 of this act.

SEC. 6. Sections 1 to 4, inclusive, of this act shall be submitted to the voters at the June 5, 2018, statewide primary direct election in accordance with provisions of the Government Code and the Elections Code governing the submission of a statewide measure to the voters.

SEC. 7. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to fund a California drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program at the earliest possible date, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.





THE METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT  
OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

**BOARD  
ACTION**

● **Board of Directors**  
***Communications and Legislation Committee***

1/10/2017 Board Meeting

**8-3**

**Subject**

Adopt CEQA determination and adopt State Legislative Priorities and Principles for 2017/18

**Executive Summary**

This board letter outlines the state 2017/18 legislative priorities and principles recommended by staff for the Board's consideration and adoption.

**Details**

After consulting with Metropolitan member agency legislative coordinators in October 2016, member agency managers in November 2016, and discussing the item at the Board's Communications and Legislation Committee in December 2016, staff submits the following state legislative priorities and principles for the Board's consideration and approval. Metropolitan's top state priorities for 2017 have been included in anticipation of legislative action in key policy areas during the first year of the 2017/18 session.

The state principles for the 2017/18 session support Metropolitan's mission and incorporate its overall water supply reliability and water quality objectives. By adopting these principles, the Board sets the policy direction for staff to direct resources both legislatively and administratively.

**Metropolitan's Top State Priorities for 2017**

- Work to ensure steady progress on California Water Fix and EcoRestore.
- Work proactively to advance state water infrastructure financing that reflects "beneficiary pays" principle, as opposed to a fee or assessment levied solely on water agencies for funding broader public benefits.
- Advance policies that promote, rather than penalize, new local water infrastructure projects, such as recycling, and provide funding for needed research to advance new technology.
- Work to advance state policy on water use efficiency that respects local investments while updating targets beyond 2020.

**State Principles**

*Bay-Delta and State Water Project Improvements*

- Support administrative/legislative action and state funding to keep the Bay Delta Conservation Plan/California WaterFix on schedule to advance conveyance and ecosystem improvements to help achieve the coequal goals of water supply reliability and Delta ecosystem restoration.
- Support administrative/legislative action and funding to advance emergency response, near-term Delta improvements and expenditures to support fish monitoring activities in the Delta consistent with the coequal goals, California EcoRestore, and the California Water Action Plan.

- Continue support for implementation of state policies adopted as part of the 2009 Delta Reform Act and water management package, including clarification of the monitoring, reporting, and enforcement provisions related to in-Delta diversions.
- Support state funding for public share of Delta ecosystem restoration costs.
- Support state funding for public share of costs, including mitigation and rehabilitation, for multi-purpose State Water Project (SWP) facilities.
- Support administrative/legislative action and funding to add surface and ground water storage statewide.
- Oppose administrative/legislative action that would shift procurement of renewable resources to the SWP, irrespective of transmission limitations, cost and portfolio availability.

#### *Drought-Related Legislation*

- Support administrative /legislative actions to respond to drought, including funding for immediate water supply improvements, while maintaining environmental protections.
- Support legislative efforts which recognize variations among communities, regions, and counties with respect to the capability of withstanding the impacts of drought.

#### *California Water Action Plan*

- Support implementation of the Brown Administration's comprehensive water strategy, consistent with Metropolitan's goals and objectives, to ensure effective drought management and near-term actions to guide development of programs and investments to meet the state's long-term water infrastructure needs.

#### *Regional Water Resource Management*

- Continue to support and promote integrated water resources portfolio planning.
- Support administrative/legislative action to promote the development of recycled water (including indirect and direct potable reuse), stormwater, and desalination projects as water resources, without compromising the operational, financial and water quality, regulatory and customer interests of Metropolitan and other water and wastewater agencies.
- Support using water wisely in both urban and agricultural settings and strengthening local drought contingency planning.
- Ensure statutory or regulatory mandates for improving water use efficiency are fact-based and not a one-size-fits-all approach.

#### *Watershed Management*

- Support legislation, regulatory proposals and partnership-based programs that provide for the development and/or public funding of watershed management plans in Southern California, the Bay-Delta and Colorado River watersheds that provide broad public benefits, including water quality, water supply reliability and environmental improvements. Funding of watershed management programs should be based on the "beneficiaries pay" principle.

#### *Water Quality*

- Support administrative/legislative action to provide for the continued transport, delivery, storage, and use of chlorine gas for disinfection.
- Support administrative/legislative action and funding that is protective of public health, utilizes science, and incorporates benefit/cost analyses to protect and improve water quality from unacceptable risks from various constituents. Potential constituents include, but are not limited to arsenic, chromium 6,

cyanotoxins, disinfection byproducts, lead, nitrate, perchlorate, perfluorinated compounds, pharmaceuticals/personal care products, uranium, and other constituents of emerging concern.

- Support administrative/legislative actions that are protective of source water quality, utilize current science and incorporate benefit/cost analyses to reduce salt and nutrient loading to source waters.
- Support administrative/legislative action to ensure that all affected public water systems are consulted on proposed consolidations or extension of service area and that the consolidation or extension of service complies with all existing state laws applicable to source waters.

#### *Environmental Planning and Environmental Compliance*

- Support administrative/legislative actions to improve clarity and workability of CEQA, and eliminate other duplicative state processes.
- Support administrative/legislative actions for environmental compliance (e.g., air, water, hazardous materials and waste) that provide for regulatory compliance flexibility, promote consistency and reduce regulatory duplication.
- Protect Metropolitan's interests in administrative/legislative actions to ensure Metropolitan's ability to reliably operate and maintain its facilities, infrastructure and real estate assets, including rights of way necessary to access Metropolitan's facilities.
- Support administrative/legislative actions and funding for biological control, mitigation management, and control of invasive species, including, but not limited to, quagga mussels and striped bass.
- Support administrative/legislative actions that require consideration of cost, local uses for recycled water, and available funding to implement programs that mandate reduction or reuse of ocean discharges.

#### *Energy Sustainability*

- Support efforts to ensure power costs to the State Water Project and Metropolitan are appropriate and proportional to the benefits received and that operations of the Colorado River Aqueduct are not adversely impacted.
- Support authorization for grant funding for energy efficiency, including programs to reduce greenhouse gases and develop renewable resources.
- Promote water-energy nexus administrative/legislative or regulatory activities that preserve Metropolitan's ability to pursue supply options and oppose constraints on supply development such as water resource loading orders based on energy intensity.
- Support legislation that defines hydropower generation as renewable energy irrespective of a facility's nameplate generating capacity, and includes the provision of renewable energy credits for hydroelectric generation.
- Support legislation that removes barriers to and encourages energy sector investments in water conservation and energy management programs.
- Pursue allocation of Cap-and-Trade auction revenues and/or free allowances from the California Air Resources Board or other administering agencies for Metropolitan and Department of Water Resources/SWP, to be used for Cap-and-Trade compliance requirements, and greenhouse gas reduction measures and related projects.

#### *Infrastructure and Public Finance*

- Support measures to reduce the cost of financing water infrastructure planning and construction that funds water supply infrastructure, including water conduits, pipelines, canals, pumping, power and associated facilities.

- Support tax exemptions for water conservation or efficiency incentives for measures including, but not limited to, turf removal, rain barrels, cisterns, and other measures to reduce consumption of water or enhance the absorption and infiltration capacity of the landscape.
- Support “beneficiaries pay” approach as financing mechanism for statewide projects and programs.
- Oppose public goods charge or other charges levied solely on water agencies for funding broader public benefits.
- Support legislation/administrative action that deters metal theft and protects critical public water infrastructure.
- Support legislation/administrative action that would provide funding or reimbursement for water utility infrastructure expenditures to improve redundancy and reliability.

## Policy

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Supports Metropolitan’s mission and incorporates its overall water quality and supply reliability objectives.

## California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

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### CEQA determination for Option #1:

The proposed action is not defined as a project under CEQA because it involves continuing administrative activities, such as general policy and procedure making (Section 15378(b)(2) of the State CEQA Guidelines). In addition, where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the proposed action in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the proposed action is not subject to CEQA (Section 15061(b)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines).

The CEQA determination is: Determine that the proposed action is not defined as a project and is not subject to CEQA pursuant to Sections 15378(b)(2) and 15061(b)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines.

### CEQA determination for Option #2:

None required

## Board Options

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### Option #1

Adopt the CEQA determination that the proposed action is not defined as a project and is not subject to CEQA, and

Adopt the State Legislative Priorities and Principles for 2017/18.

**Fiscal Impact:** None.

**Business Analysis:** Adoption of these legislative priorities and principles will support staff’s ability to timely address concerns related to state legislation in 2017/18.

### Option #2

Take no action.

**Fiscal Impact:** None.

**Business Analysis:** Absence of these legislative priorities and principles could hinder staff’s ability to timely address concerns related to state legislation in 2017/18.

**Staff Recommendation**

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Option #1

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*Dee Zinke* *Date*  
*Assistant General Manager/Chief External  
Affairs Officer*

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*Jeffrey Kightlinger* *Date*  
*General Manager*

Ref# ea12648351



THE METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT  
OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

**Executive Office**

October 1, 2017

The Honorable Edmund G. Brown, Jr.  
Governor of the State of California  
State Capitol, First Floor  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: SB 5 (DeLeon) and AB 18 (Garcia) – **REQUEST SIGNATURE**  
Park/Water Resources General Obligation Bond

Dear Governor Brown:

On behalf of The Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, I respectfully request your favorable consideration of SB 5 by Senate President Pro Tempore Kevin DeLeon.

SB 5 reflects a workable framework that recognizes the fiscal limitations of California at a time when significant water investments are acutely needed. The funding for local supply assistance closely matches the needs within the Metropolitan service area, while investments in statewide system reliability will provide both environmental and water supply benefits for years to come. The bond provides a means to co-fund multi-benefit projects to enhance regional self-sufficiency statewide.

SB 5 will advance water infrastructure investments consistent with the California Water Action Plan. A comprehensive strategy is essential to guide California water policy and ensure that we weather future droughts to meet the state's many water needs. The last five-year drought was a dramatic demonstration of the importance of smart planning and a collaborate approach to address challenging water needs throughout the state.

For the aforementioned reasons, we ask that you sign SB 5 into law. If you have any questions or wish additional information concerning Metropolitan's position on the measure, please do not hesitate to contact Kathleen Cole in Metropolitan's Sacramento office at (916) 650-2600.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jeff Kightlinger". The signature is fluid and cursive, written in a professional style.

Jeff Kightlinger, General Manager

cc: Senator Kevin DeLeon  
Senator Anthony Portantino  
Assembly Member Eduardo Garcia

Kip Lipper, Office of Senate President pro Tempore Kevin DeLeon  
Alf Brandt, Office of Assembly Speaker Anthony Rendon

Kim Craig, Deputy Cabinet Secretary, Office of the Governor



**California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection,  
and Outdoor Access for All Act of 2018  
(SB 5, de León)  
Summary of Funding Allocations**

**Total Funding Level: \$4.1 billion<sup>1</sup>**

**Chapter 2 – Investments in Environmental and Social Equity, Enhancing California’s Disadvantaged Communities**

**\$725 million** for the creation and expansion of safe neighborhood parks in park-poor neighborhoods<sup>2</sup>; of these funds, the following is made available:

**\$48 million** for underserved park communities in the central valley, rural, gateway, and desert communities<sup>3</sup>

**\$22 million** for grants to desert community towns in the County of San Bernardino<sup>4</sup>

**Chapter 3 – Investments in Protecting, Enhancing, and Accessing California’s Local and Regional Outdoor Spaces**

**\$200 million** for per capita grants to local governments for local park rehabilitation and improvement grants<sup>5</sup>

**\$15 million** in grants to cities and districts with populations of 200,000 or less, in urbanized counties<sup>6</sup>

**\$30 million** in grants to regional park districts, counties, and regional open-space districts<sup>7</sup>, of this amount:

**\$5 million** for projects in units of the state parks system that are managed by nonprofits<sup>8</sup>

**\$40 million** in grants to local jurisdictions whose voters have passed local measures improving local or regional park infrastructure<sup>9</sup>

**Chapter 4 – Restoring California’s Natural, Historic, and Cultural Legacy**

**\$218 million** for restoration and preservation of existing state park facilities<sup>10</sup>; of these funds, the following is made available:

**\$10 million** for enterprise projects that increase revenue generation<sup>11</sup>

**\$5 million** for grants to local agencies to address urgent infrastructure restoration needs<sup>12</sup>

**\$18 million** for facility improvements for county fairs and district agricultural associations<sup>13</sup>

**\$30 million** for lower cost coastal accommodation project development in units of the state park system<sup>14</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> \$4.0 billion of new bond authorizations and reallocation of \$100 million of previously authorized bond funds from Propositions, 1, 40, and 84

<sup>2</sup> Section 80050(a)

<sup>3</sup> Section 80052(a)

<sup>4</sup> Section 80052(b)

<sup>5</sup> Section 80061(a)

<sup>6</sup> Section 80061(b)

<sup>7</sup> Section 80065(a)

<sup>8</sup> Section 80065(d)

<sup>9</sup> Section 80066

<sup>10</sup> Section 80070

<sup>11</sup> Section 80072

<sup>12</sup> Section 80073(a)

<sup>13</sup> Section 80074

**Chapter 5 – Trails and Greenway Investment**

**\$30 million** for grants that promote new or alternate access to parks, waterways, and outdoor recreational pursuits<sup>15</sup>

**Chapter 6 – Rural Recreation, Tourism, and Economic Enrichment Investment**

**\$25 million** for competitive grants to rural areas including those with populations of less than 500,000 people and low population densities per square mile<sup>16</sup>

**Chapter 7 – California River Recreation, Creek, and Waterway Improvements Program**

**\$162 million** for grants pursuant to the California River Parkways Act of 2004<sup>17</sup>; of these funds, the following is made available:

**\$37.5 million** to the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy, including its tributaries for projects to enhance the Los Angeles River watershed<sup>18</sup>

**\$37.5 million** to the San Gabriel and Lower Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy for projects to enhance the Los Angeles River watershed<sup>19</sup>

**\$16 million** to the Santa Ana River Conservancy Program, including provisions to equally divide the funds between the upper and lower river<sup>20</sup>

**\$10 million** for the Lower American River Conservancy Program<sup>21</sup>

**\$3 million** for preservation of the Los Gatos Creek and upper Guadalupe River watershed<sup>22</sup>

**\$3 million** to support a comprehensive regional use management plan for the Russian River<sup>23</sup>

**\$10 million** for the river parkway projects along the Santa Margarita River in San Diego County<sup>24</sup>

**\$5 million** to the Natural Resources Agency for watershed improvements in and around Clear Lake<sup>25</sup>

**\$10 million** for purposes of the California River Parkways Act of 2004<sup>26</sup>

**\$10 million** to implement the Urban Streams Restoration Program<sup>27</sup>

**\$20 million** for river parkway projects along the Los Angeles River in the City of Glendale<sup>28</sup>

**Chapter 8 – State Conservancy, Wildlife Conservation Board, and Authority Funding**

**\$767 million** to the state conservancies, the Wildlife Conservation Board, California Natural Resources Agency, and the Salton Sea Authority<sup>29</sup>, as follows:

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<sup>14</sup> Section 80075

<sup>15</sup> Section 80080(a)

<sup>16</sup> Section 80090(a)

<sup>17</sup> Section 80100(a)

<sup>18</sup> Section 80100(a)(1)(A)

<sup>19</sup> Section 80100(a)(1)(B)

<sup>20</sup> Section 80100(a)(2)

<sup>21</sup> Section 80100(a)(3)

<sup>22</sup> Section 80100(a)(4)

<sup>23</sup> Section 80100(a)(5)

<sup>24</sup> Section 80100(a)(6)

<sup>25</sup> Section 80100(a)(7)

<sup>26</sup> Section 80100(a)(8)

<sup>27</sup> Section 80100(a)(9)

<sup>28</sup> Section 80100(a)(10)

<sup>29</sup> Section 80110

**\$30 million** to the Salton Sea Authority for capital projects to provide habitat and air quality benefits<sup>30</sup>

**\$6 million** for the Baldwin Hills Conservancy<sup>31</sup>

**\$27 million** for the California Tahoe Conservancy<sup>32</sup>

**\$7 million** for the Coachella Valley Mountains Conservancy<sup>33</sup>

**\$12 million** for the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Conservancy<sup>34</sup>

**\$12 million** for the San Diego River Conservancy<sup>35</sup>

**\$30 million** for the San Gabriel and Lower Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy<sup>36</sup>

**\$6 million** for the San Joaquin River Conservancy<sup>37</sup>

**\$30 million** for the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy<sup>38</sup>

**\$30 million** for the Sierra Nevada Conservancy<sup>39</sup>

**\$20 million** to the State Coastal Conservancy for the San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority Act<sup>40</sup>

**\$137 million** to the Wildlife Conservation Board for regional conservation investment strategies, and natural community conservation plans<sup>41</sup>

**\$200 million** for implementation of voluntary agreements that provide multi-benefit water quality, water supply and watershed ecosystem values relative to the State Water Resources Control Board Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan<sup>42</sup>

**\$50 million** to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for capital improvements that address deferred maintenance<sup>43</sup>

**\$170 million** to satisfy state obligations for restoration activities identified in the Salton Sea Management Plan, and any subsequent revisions to the plan<sup>44</sup>

#### **Chapter 9 – Ocean, Bay, and Coastal Protection**

**\$175 million** for ocean, bay, and coastal protection<sup>45</sup>; of this amount:

**\$35 million** is provided for the California Ocean Protection Trust Fund<sup>46</sup>

**\$30 million** is to provide lower cost coastal accommodation grants and project development<sup>47</sup>

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<sup>30</sup> Section 80110(a)

<sup>31</sup> Section 80110(b)(1)

<sup>32</sup> Section 80110(b)(2)

<sup>33</sup> Section 80110(b)(3)

<sup>34</sup> Section 80110(b)(4)

<sup>35</sup> Section 80110(b)(5)

<sup>36</sup> Section 80110(b)(6)

<sup>37</sup> Section 80110(b)(7)

<sup>38</sup> Section 80110(b)(8)

<sup>39</sup> Section 80110(b)(9)

<sup>40</sup> Section 80110(b)(10)

<sup>41</sup> Section 80110(c)

<sup>42</sup> Section 80114(a)

<sup>43</sup> Section 80115

<sup>44</sup> Section 80116

<sup>45</sup> Section 80120

<sup>46</sup> Section 80120(a)

<sup>47</sup> Section 80120(b)

**\$85 million** to the Coastal Conservancy for beaches, bays, wetlands, coastal trail, and coastal agricultural land preservation<sup>48</sup>

**\$20 million** for the protection, restoration, and improvement of coastal forest watersheds<sup>49</sup>

**\$5 million** for acquisition of parcels to protect coastal dune, wetland, upland and estuarine lagoons<sup>50</sup>

#### **Chapter 10 – Climate Preparedness, Habitat Resiliency, Resource Enhancement, and Innovation**

**\$443 million** for various climate adaptation and resiliency projects<sup>51</sup>; of these funds, the following is made available:

**\$18 million** to the Wildlife Conservation Board for wildlife corridors, habitat protection for endangered species, habitat connectivity, and public access or trails<sup>52</sup>

**\$30 million** for habitat along the Pacific Flyway<sup>53</sup>

**\$25 million** for stream restoration to benefit fisheries and wildlife<sup>54</sup>

**\$60 million** to the Wildlife Conservation Board to improve fish passage<sup>55</sup>

**\$60 million** to the Wildlife Conservation Board to protect and restore upper watershed lands<sup>56</sup>

**\$30 million** for the improvement of conditions for fish and wildlife in streams, rivers, wildlife refuges, wetland areas, and estuaries<sup>57</sup>

**\$40 million** to the Ocean Protection Trust Fund for climate resilience<sup>58</sup>

**\$30 million** for climate projects on farms and ranches to improve habitat, reduce development pressures, increase water retention and absorption, among other activities<sup>59</sup>

**\$50 million** for carbon projects on forestlands, including projects that reduce fire risk<sup>60</sup>

**\$40 million** to the California Conservation Corps for projects to rehabilitate state and local parks, restore watersheds, reduce fuel loading in watersheds and other activities<sup>61</sup>

**\$60 million** for grants to local governments, tribes, and nonprofits, for activities related to recognition of natural, cultural, and historic sites and to provide wildlife dependent recreational opportunities<sup>62</sup>

#### **Chapter 11 – Clean Drinking Water and Drought Preparedness**

**\$250 million** is available for clean drinking water and drought programs<sup>63</sup>; of this amount:

**\$30 million** is available for grants for regional water supply projects within the San Joaquin River hydrologic region<sup>64</sup>

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<sup>48</sup> Section 80120(c)

<sup>49</sup> Section 80120(e)

<sup>50</sup> Section 80120(f)

<sup>51</sup> Section 80130

<sup>52</sup> Section 80130(a)

<sup>53</sup> Section 80130(c)

<sup>54</sup> Section 80130(d)

<sup>55</sup> Section 80130(e)(1)

<sup>56</sup> Section 80130(f)

<sup>57</sup> Section 80130(g)

<sup>58</sup> Section 80133(a)

<sup>59</sup> Section 80134(a)

<sup>60</sup> Section 80135(a)

<sup>61</sup> Section 80136

<sup>62</sup> Section 80137(a)

<sup>63</sup> Section 80140(a)

**Chapter 11.1 – Groundwater Sustainability**

**\$80 million** for competitive grants for treatment and remediation activities that reduce contamination of groundwater that serves as a source of drinking water<sup>65</sup>

**Chapter 11.5 – Flood Protection and Repair**

**\$550 million** shall be available for flood protection and repair<sup>66</sup>; of these funds, the following is made available:

**\$350 million** for flood protection, levee improvements and other projects, including damage in the Central Valley<sup>67</sup>

**\$100 million** for prevention of damages from stormwater, mudslides, and flash floods<sup>68</sup>

**\$100 million** to the Natural Resources Agency for competitive, multi-benefit projects in urbanized areas<sup>69</sup>

**Chapter 11.6 – Regional Sustainability for Drought and Groundwater, and Water Recycling**

**\$290 million** for regional sustainability for drought, groundwater, and water recycling<sup>70</sup>; of this amount:

**\$50 million** is available for competitive grants for projects that develop and implement groundwater plans and projects<sup>71</sup>

**\$100 million** is available for water recycling and advanced treatment technology projects<sup>72</sup>

**\$20 million** is available to the Department of Food and Agriculture for the Statewide Efficiency and Enhance Program (SWEET)<sup>73</sup>

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<sup>64</sup> Section 80140(b)

<sup>65</sup> Section 80141(a)

<sup>66</sup> Section 80145(a)

<sup>67</sup> Section 80145(a)(1)(A)

<sup>68</sup> Section 80145(a)(2)

<sup>69</sup> Section 80145(a)(3)

<sup>70</sup> Section 80146(a)

<sup>71</sup> Section 80146(b)

<sup>72</sup> Section 80147(a)

<sup>73</sup> Section 80147(b)



**NOTABLE ENDORSEMENTS**

- Governor Jerry Brown
- Senator Kevin de León, President pro Tempore
- Assembly Member Anthony Rendon, Speaker
- Assembly Member Eduardo Garcia
- Lieutenant Governor Gavin Newsom
- Mayor Antonio Villaraigosa
- California Democratic Party
- State Building & Construction Trades Council of California
- American Heart Association
- American Lung Association
- Association of California Water Agencies
- Audubon California
- Big Sur Land Trust
- California Association of Local Conservation Corps
- California Chamber of Commerce
- California Council of Land Trusts
- Environmental Defense Fund
- Heal the Bay
- Humane Society of the United States
- League of California Cities
- Peninsula Open Space Trust
- Save the Bay
- Save the Redwoods League
- Sempervirens Fund
- Sierra Club California
- Silicon Valley Leadership Group
- Sonoma Land Trust
- State Parks Foundation
- The Nature Conservancy
- The Wildlands Conservancy
- TreePeople
- The Trust for Public Land



This list connotes organizations supporting original legislation and/or bond measure.



Supporters List

March 7, 2018

**ENVIRONMENTAL & CONSERVATION ORGANIZATIONS**

5 Gyres Institute	Cayucos Land Conservancy
7 <sup>th</sup> Generation Advisors	Center for Climate Change and Health
American River Natural History Association	Center for Sustainable Neighborhoods
Arroyo Seco Foundation	Citizens for Los Angeles Wildlife
Arroyos and Foothills Conservancy	Climate Resolve
Audubon California	ClimatePlan
Audubon Center at Debs Park	Committee for Green Foothills
Batiquitos Lagoon Foundation	Community Nature Connection
Bay Area Open Space Council	Conservation Corps Long Beach
Bay Area Ridge Trail Council	Conservation Corps North Bay
Bear Yuba Land Trust	Defenders of Wildlife
Big Sur Land Trust	Ecology Center
Biocitizen Inc.	Endangered Habitats League
Bolsa Chica Land Trust	Environmental Defense Center
Buena Vista Audubon Society	Environmental Defense Council
California Association of Local Conservation Corps	Environmental Defense Fund
California Association of Resource Conservation Districts	Environmental Working Group
California Climate & Agriculture Network	Escondido Creek Conservancy
California Coastkeeper Alliance	Fresno EOC Local Conservation Corps
California Council of Land Trusts	Friends of Harbors, Beaches, and Parks
California Invasive Plant Council	Friends of Runyon Canyon Foundation
California League of Conservation Voters	Friends of the Earth
California Outdoor Recreation Partners	Friends of the LA River
California Rangeland Conservancy	Fund for Animals
California ReLeaf	Greenbelt Alliance
California Trout	Heal the Bay
California Urban Forests Council	Hills for Everyone
California Urban Streams Partnership	Kerncrest Audubon Society
California Waterfowl Association	LA Compost
California Wilderness Coalition	LA Conservation Corps
Californians Against Waste	Laguna Greenbelt
Carbon Cycle Institute	Land Trust of Santa Cruz County
	League to Save Lake Tahoe
	Los Angeles Audubon Society





Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

Los Angeles Neighborhood Land Trust  
 Marin Carbon Project  
 Marin Conservation League  
 Mendocino Land Trust  
 Mojave Desert Land Trust  
 Mono Lake Committee  
 Mountains Restoration Trust  
 Mujeres de la Tierra  
 Natural Resources Defense Council  
 Naturalist For You  
 Nature For All  
 Ocean Conservancy  
 Outdoor Outreach  
 Pacific Forest Trust  
 Pacific Institute  
 Pacoima Beautiful  
 Palos Verdes Peninsula Land Conservancy  
 Pathways for Wildlife  
 Peninsula Open Space Trust  
 People for Parks  
 Placer Land Trust  
 Planning and Conservation League  
 Preserve Calavera  
 Protect American River Canyons  
 Rails-to-Trails  
 River LA  
 Sacramento Regional Conservation Corps  
 Salton Sea Authority  
 San Fernando Valley Audubon Society  
 San Francisco Conservation Corps San Gabriel  
 Valley Conservation Corps

San Jose Conservation Corps  
 Santa Barbara Audubon Society  
 Santa Clara River Conservancy  
 Save Mt. Diablo  
 Save the Bay  
 Save the Redwoods League  
 Sempervirens Fund  
 Sequoia Riverlands Trust  
 Shasta Land Trust  
 Sierra Cascade Land Trust Council  
 Sierra Club California  
 Sierra Harvest  
 Sierra Nevada Journeys  
 Silicon Valley Land Conservancy  
 Sonoma Land Trust  
 Stewards of the Coast and Redwoods  
 Student Conservation Association  
 Surfrider Foundation  
 Sustainable Conservation  
 Sustainable Silicon Valley  
 The Conservation Fund  
 The Greenlining Institute  
 The Nature Conservancy  
 The Sierra Fund  
 TreePeople  
 Tri-Valley Conservancy  
 Trout Unlimited  
 Truckee Donner Land Trust  
 Trust for Public Land  
 Volcan Mountain Foundation  
 Wildcoast

**PARK DISTRICTS & ORGANIZATIONS**

Almanor Recreation and Park District  
 Auburn Area Recreation and Park District

California Association of Park and Recreation  
 Commissioners



Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

California Association of Park and Recreation  
Indemnity  
California Park & Recreation Society  
City of Corona Parks and Recreation  
Commission  
City of Davis Parks and Community Services  
City of Orinda Parks and Recreation  
Department  
Department of Recreation Administration, CSU  
Fresno  
Desert Recreation District  
Dunsmuir Recreation and Parks District  
East Bay Regional Park District  
Fair Oaks Recreation and Park District  
Friends of Boeddeker Park  
Friends of California Citrus Park  
Friends of Corte Madera Creek Waterhed  
Friends of Jackson Park  
Jurupa Community Services District  
Livermore Area Recreation and Park District  
Los Angeles Parks Foundation  
McFarland Recreation and Park District  
Mendocino Coast Recreation and Park District  
MidPeninsula Regional Open Space District

Monte Rio Recreation and Park District  
Mountains Recreation & Conservation Authority  
Mt. Shasta Recreation and Parks District  
Napa County Regional Park and Open Space  
District  
National Parks Conservation Association  
North County Recreation and Park District  
Paradise Recreation and Park District  
Pogo Park  
Rancho Simi Recreation and Parks District  
Rio Linda Elverta Recreation and Park District  
San Francisco Parks Alliance  
San Francisco Recreation and Parks  
Department  
San Mateo County Parks  
Santa Clara County Parks  
Santa Clara Valley Open Space Authority  
Sonoma County Regional Parks  
State Parks Foundation  
State Parks Partners Coalition  
Town of Moraga Parks and Recreation  
Department  
Weed Recreation and Parks District

**COMMUNITY-BASED & LOW-INCOME ADVOCACY GROUPS**

Alma Family Services  
Asian Pacific Islander Forward Movement  
Aztlan Athletics  
California Bicycle Coalition  
California Rural Legal Assistance Foundation  
California Food Policy Advocates  
California Walks  
Community Conservation Solutions  
Community Health Councils  
Community Hiking Club

Community Nature Connection  
Empresa Performing Arts Foundation  
From Lot to Spot  
Green Schoolyards America  
GRID Alternatives Greater Los Angeles  
Housing California  
Kounkuey Design Initiative  
Leadership Counsel for Justice & Accountability  
Leadership for Urban Renewal Network  
Los Angeles Neighborhood Initiative



Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

Move LA  
PolicyLink  
Prevention Institute  
Safe Routes to School National Partnership  
Self-Help Enterprises  
Sonoma County Bicycle Coalition

Southeast Asian Community Alliance  
Strategic Actions for a Just Economy (SAJE)  
TransForm  
TRUST South LA  
Wishtoyo Chumash Foundation  
Women's MTB Experience

**HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS**

American Heart Association  
American Lung Association  
Californians for Pesticide Reform  
LA Food Policy Council

Pesticide Action Network Plastic Pollution  
Coalition  
Public Health Advocates

**ANIMAL RIGHTS GROUPS**

American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty  
to Animals  
Humane Society of the United States

San Diego Humane Society  
San Francisco Society for the Prevention of  
Cruelty to Animals

**WATER AGENCIES, DISTRICTS & ORGANIZATIONS**

Association of California Water Agencies  
California Watershed Network  
Clean Water Action California  
Community Water Center  
Grasslands Water District  
Inland Empire Utilities Agency  
Los Angeles Water Keeper  
Orange County Sanitation District

Orange County Water District  
San Diego County Water Authority  
Southern California Water Coalition  
The Watershed Project  
WateReuse California  
Watershed Conservation Authority  
Wholly H2O  
Yuba County Water Agency

**BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS**

Association of Professional Landscape  
Designers California Chapter  
Building Owners and Managers of California  
California Business Properties Association  
California Chamber of Commerce

California Fairs Alliance  
Hermann Design Group, Inc.  
Landscape Designers Association  
National Association of Industrial and Office  
Properties



Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

Sierra Business Council

Silicon Valley Leadership Group

**FAITH-BASED ORGANIZATIONS**

Lutheran Office of Public Policy

Lutheran Church of the Incarnation, Davis

**LABOR GROUPS**

State Building & Construction Trades Council of California

Los Angeles/Orange County Building & Construction Trades Council

**MUSEUMS**

San Diego Natural History Museum

Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County

California Association of Museums

**LOCAL BUSINESSES**

Citizen Film Inc.

Groundwork Richmond

PGADesign (Landscape Architects)

Sacred Space Garden Design

**AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS**

American Farmland Trust, California

California Climate and Agriculture Network

Community Alliance with Family Farmers

Marin Agricultural Land Trust

Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and  
Open Space District

Wild Farm Alliance

**GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, GROUPS & MUNICIPALITIES**

California Democratic Party

City of Chino

City of Duarte

City of El Monte

City of Emeryville

City of Fortuna

City of Hawaiian Gardens

City of King

City of Lakewood

City of La Puente

City of Malibu

City of Monrovia

City of Oakland

City of Orland

City of Poway

City of Redondo Beach

City of San Francisco

City of San Jose



Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

City of San Rafael  
City of Santa Monica  
City of Walnut Creek  
City of Wasco  
County of San Francisco  
League of California Cities  
League of Women Voters California

Sacramento County Board of Supervisors  
San Mateo County Democratic Central  
Committee  
Sonoma County Board of Supervisors  
Suisun City  
Town of Mammoth Lakes  
Town of Yucca Valley  
Transportation Agency for Monterey County

**ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Artesia City Councilmember Ali Sajjad Taj  
Brisbane City Councilmember Randy Breault  
Ceres City Councilmember Ken Lane  
Cloverdale City Councilmember Joseph Palla  
Governor Jerry Brown, State of California  
Lieutenant Governor, Gavin Newsom  
Los Angeles City Councilmember Paul Koretz  
Los Angeles City Councilmember David Ryu  
Mayor Tom Butt, City of Richmond  
Menlo Park City Councilmember Kirsten Keith  
Piedmont City Councilmember Jennifer  
Cavanaugh

Scotts Valley City Councilmember Stephany  
Aguilar  
South Gate City Councilmember Jorge Morales  
South San Francisco City Councilmember  
Richard Garbarino  
Supervisor Das Williams, Santa Barbara  
County  
Supervisor Joan Hartmann, Santa Barbara  
County  
Supervisor John M. Gioia, Contra Costa County  
Walnut Creek City Councilmember Cindy Silva  
Watsonville City Councilmember Oscar Rios

**CALIFORNIA STATE SENATE**

Senator Kevin de León, Pro Tem  
Senator Benjamin Allen  
Senator Toni G. Atkins  
Senator Jim Beall  
Senator Steven Bradford  
Senator Bill Dodd  
Senator Cathleen Galgiani  
Senator Steven M. Glazer  
Senator Ed Hernandez  
Senator Robert M. Hertzberg  
Senator Ben Hueso

Senator Hannah-Beth Jackson  
Senator Ricardo Lara  
Senator Connie M. Leyva  
Senator Mike McGuire  
Senator Tony Mendoza  
Senator Holly J. Mitchell  
Senator Bill Monning  
Senator Josh Newman  
Senator Richard Pan  
Senator Anthony J. Portantino  
Senator Richard D. Roth



Supporters List  
March 7, 2018

Senator Nancy Skinner  
Senator Henry I. Stern

Senator Bob Wieckowski  
Senator Scott D. Wiener

**CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY**

Assembly Member Anthony Rendon, Speaker  
Assembly Member Cecilia M. Aguiar-Curry  
Assembly Member Dr. Joaquin Arambula  
Assembly Member Catherine B. Baker  
Assembly Member Marc Berman  
Assembly Member Richard Bloom  
Assembly Member Rob Bonta  
Assembly Member Autumn R. Burke  
Assembly Member Anna M. Caballero  
Assembly Member Ian C. Calderon  
Assembly Member Sabrina Cervantes  
Assembly Member Ed Chau  
Assembly Member David Chiu  
Assembly Member Kansen Chu  
Assembly Member Ken Cooley  
Assembly Member Tom Daly  
Assembly Member Susan Talamantes Eggman  
Assembly Member Heath Flora  
Assembly Member Vince Fong  
Assembly Member Jim Frazier  
Assembly Member Laura Friedman  
Assembly Member Cristina Garcia  
Assembly Member Eduardo Garcia  
Assembly Member Mike A. Gipson  
Assembly Member Todd Gloria  
Assembly Member Lorena S. Gonzalez Fletcher  
Assembly Member Adam Gray

Assembly Member Timothy S. Grayson  
Assembly Member Chris R. Holden  
Assembly Member Jacqui Irwin  
Assembly Member Byron Jones-Sawyer, Sr.  
Assembly Member Ash Kalra  
Assembly Member Marc Levine  
Assembly Member Monique Limón  
Assembly Member Evan Low  
Assembly Member Chad Mayes  
Assembly Member Kevin McCarty  
Assembly Member Jose Medina  
Assembly Member Kevin Mullin  
Assembly Member Al Muratsuchi  
Assembly Member Adrin Nazarian  
Assembly Member Patrick O'Donnell  
Assembly Member Sharon Quirk-Silva  
Assembly Member Eloise Gómez Reyes  
Assembly Member Freddie Rodriguez  
Assembly Member Blanca E. Rubio  
Assembly Member Rudy Salas, Jr.  
Assembly Member Miguel Santiago  
Assembly Member Mark Stone  
Assembly Member Tony Thurmond  
Assembly Member Philip Y. Ting  
Assembly Member Shirley N. Weber  
Assembly Member Jim Wood

**PROMINENT INDIVIDUALS**



Supporters List

*March 7, 2018*

Bruce Saito; Executive Director, California  
Conservation Corps  
Mayor Antonio Villaraigosa  
Tom LaBonge; Former Los Angeles Council  
Member - Emeritus  
Ronald O. Loveridge; Former Mayor of Riverside

Tim Wendler; 2001 Los Angeles City Council  
Candidate, Environmental Engineer  
Samuel V. Lankford; California Tourism,  
Recreation & Parks Expert

