

# Engineering and Operations Committee

Item # 6a

**Subject:** Engineering Performance Measures  
Facility Design

**Purpose:** To provide update on performance measures used by the Engineering Services Group in the design of capital projects

# Engineering and Operations Committee

Item # 6a

## Summary

This presentation will provide an update on the design cost performance measure used in the Engineering Services Group, and the civil infrastructure industry, to evaluate construction project delivery efficiency.



# Engineering Performance Measures: Facility Design

Engineering and Operations Committee  
Item 6a  
October 13, 2014

# Background

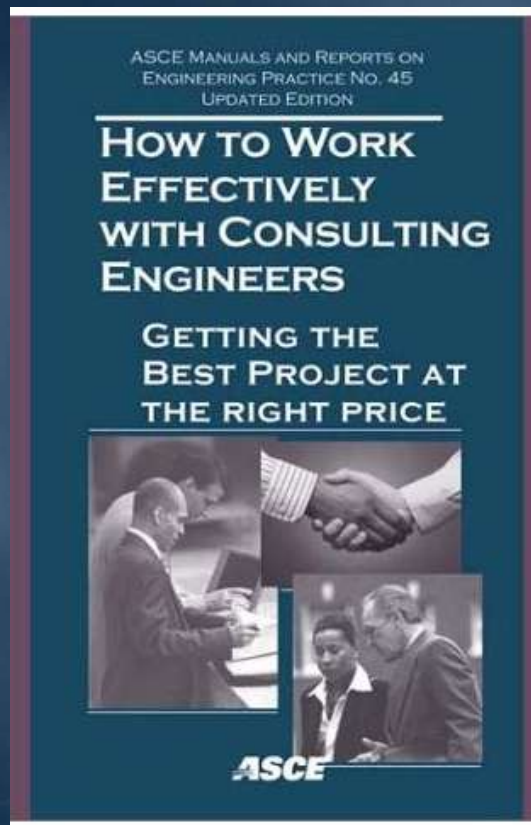
- Engineering Services performance measures:

Function	Performance Measure	Target
Design	Design as % of Construction Cost	>\$3M: 9-12% <\$3M: 9-15%
Inspection	Inspection as % of Construction Cost	>\$3M: 9-12% <\$3M: 9-15%

- Simple & well-defined
- Long history of use within industry
- Easy for engineers to apply & for stakeholders to understand
- Useful for cross-checking budgets

# Traditional Performance Paradigm is Strongly Institutionalized

- ASCE Manual of Practice No. 45



# Design Cost Includes

- Preparation of design calculations (equipment sizing, structural, electrical loads, etc.)
- Preparation of construction drawings & specifications
- Development of permit data for regulatory authority approvals
- Engineer's cost estimate

# Design Cost Does Not Include

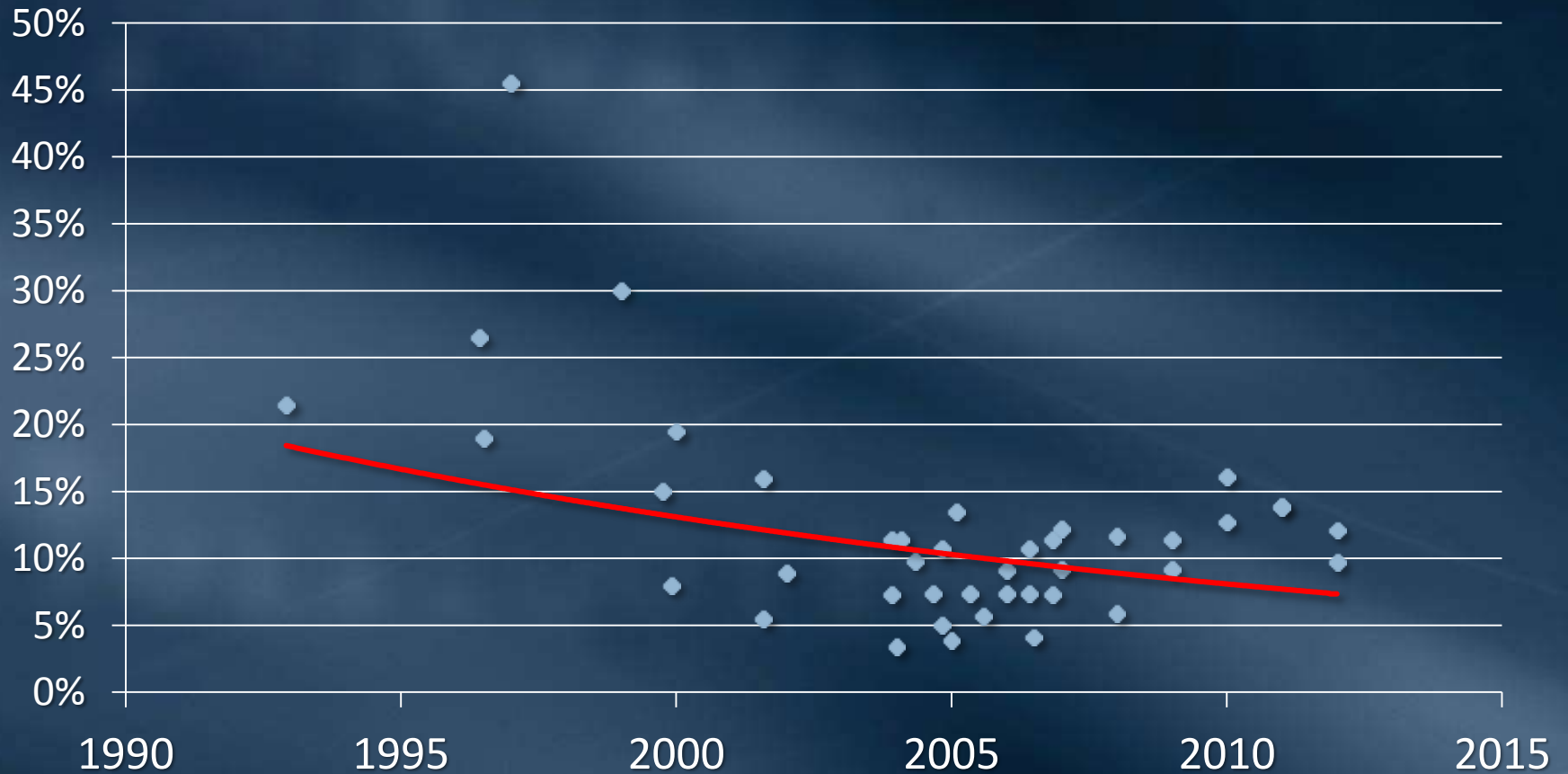
- Preliminary design
- Bid phase activities
- Construction phase support
- Special services, i.e.:
  - Geotechnical engineering
  - Survey
  - Environmental documentation

# Variables for Design Cost % Metric

$$\text{Design Cost (\%)} = \frac{\text{Design Cost (\$)}}{\text{Const. Cost (\$)}}$$

- Const. cost is an estimate at start of design
- Actual construction bids vary with:
  - Economic cycles
  - No. of bidders
  - Quality of design
  - Location
  - Bidders' assessment of risk
- Metropolitan's performance measure
  - Goal established when design commences
  - Actual results based on final costs

# Design Cost % Trend Completed Projects



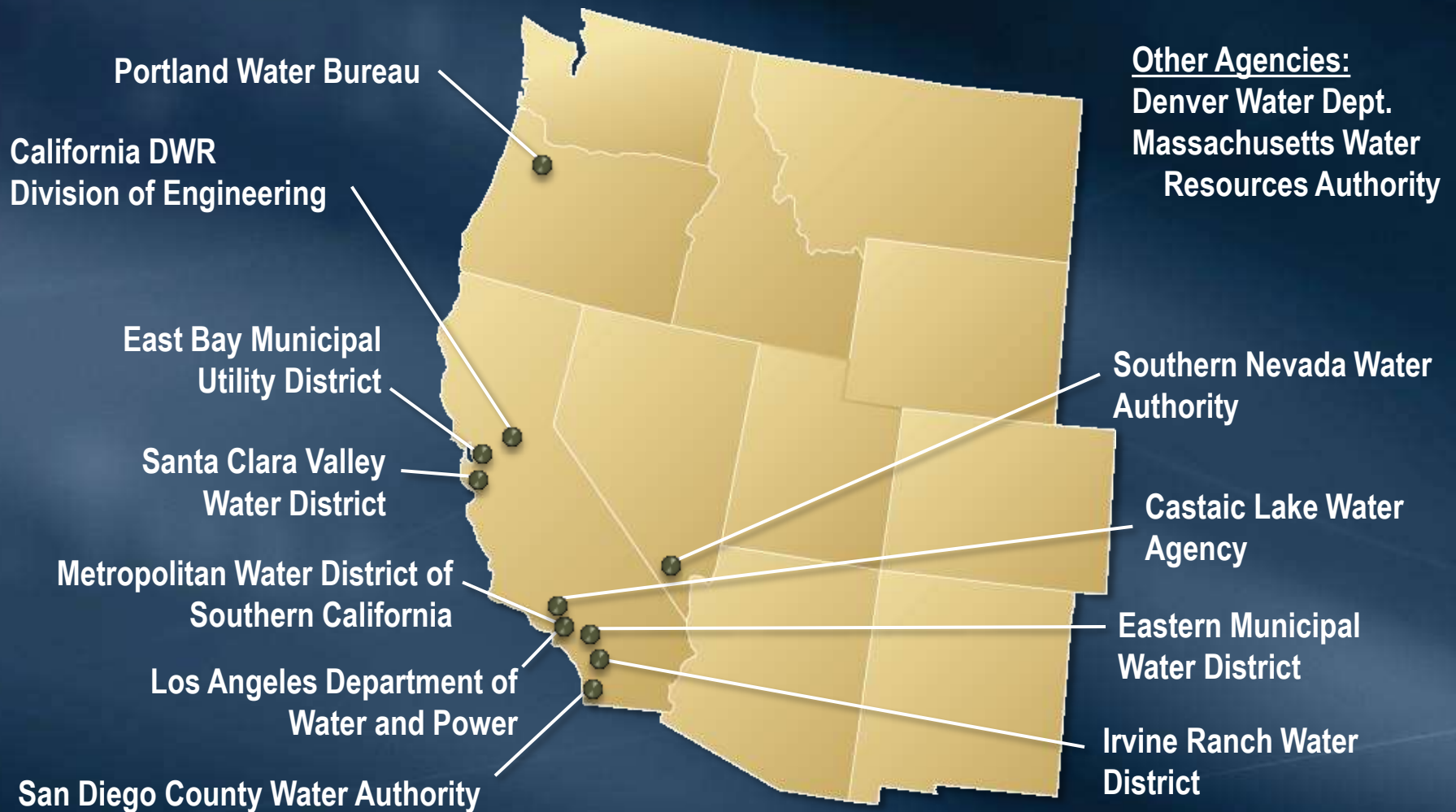
# Design Cost % 5-Year Summary

Fiscal Year	Project Cost > \$3M	Project Cost < \$3M
2012/13	15.2%	11.8%
2011/12	10.0%	13.7%
2010/11	11.9%	13.9%
2009/10	12.7%	16.1%
2008/09	9.3%	13.8%
<b>Targets:</b>	<b>9 – 12%</b>	<b>9 – 15%</b>
<b>% in Target Range</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>89%</b>

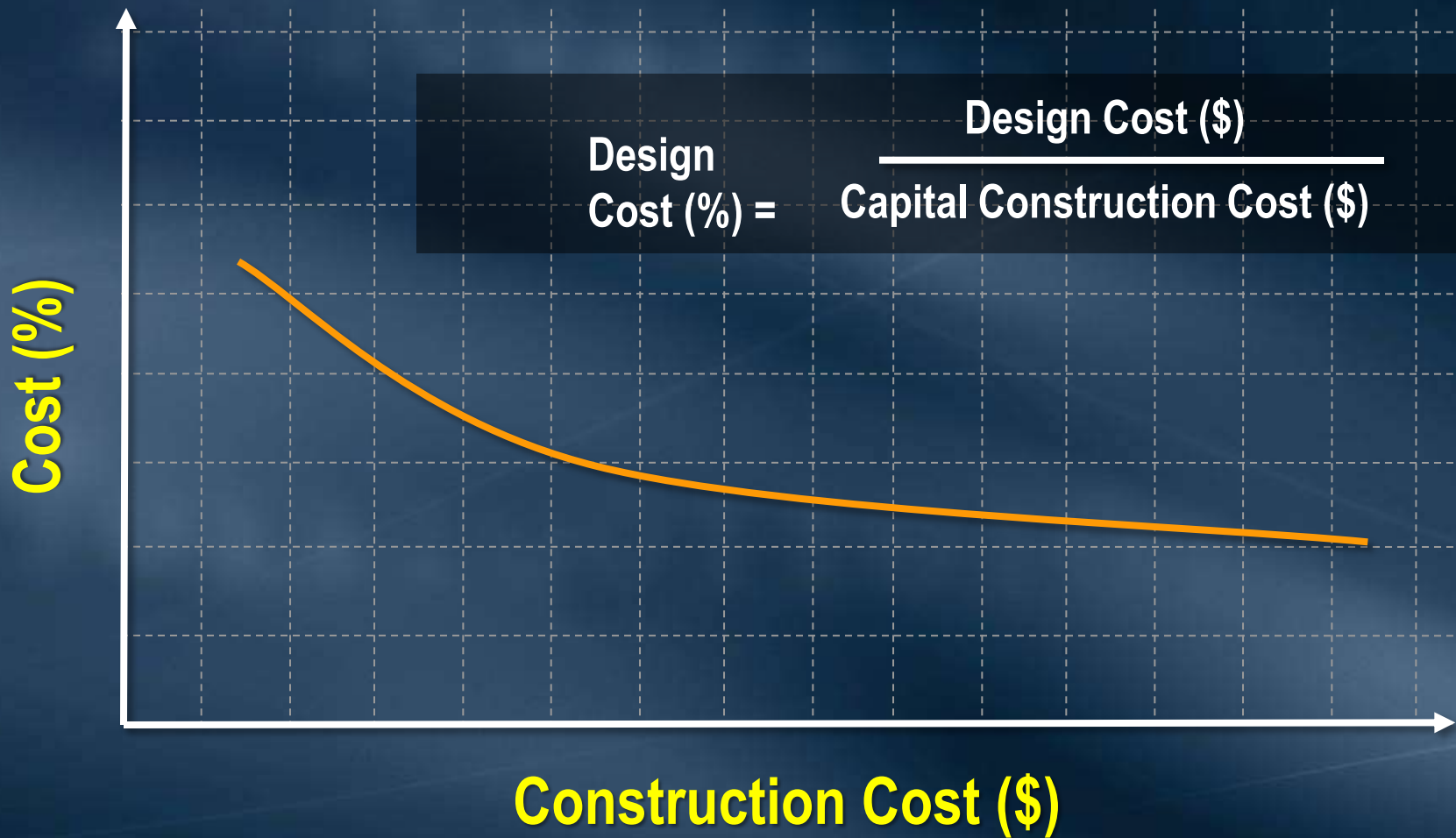
# West Coast Water Agencies Benchmarking Forum

- Sponsored initially by Metropolitan
- Focused on capital project delivery efficiency
- Process included:
  - Data collection & analysis
  - Workshops
  - Case studies
  - Development of Best Management Practices

# Benchmarking Participants

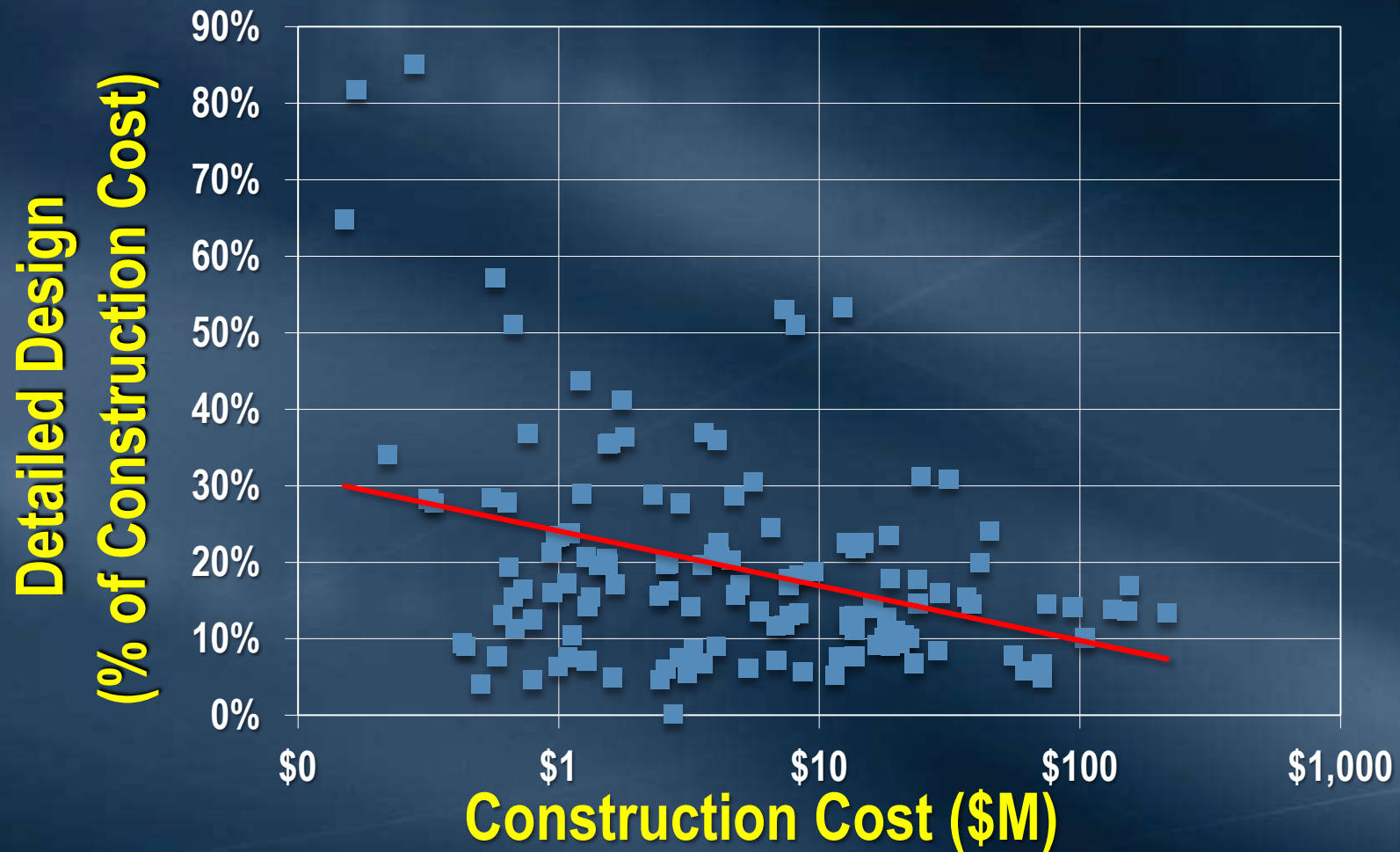


# Traditional Performance Paradigm



# Benchmarking Participants

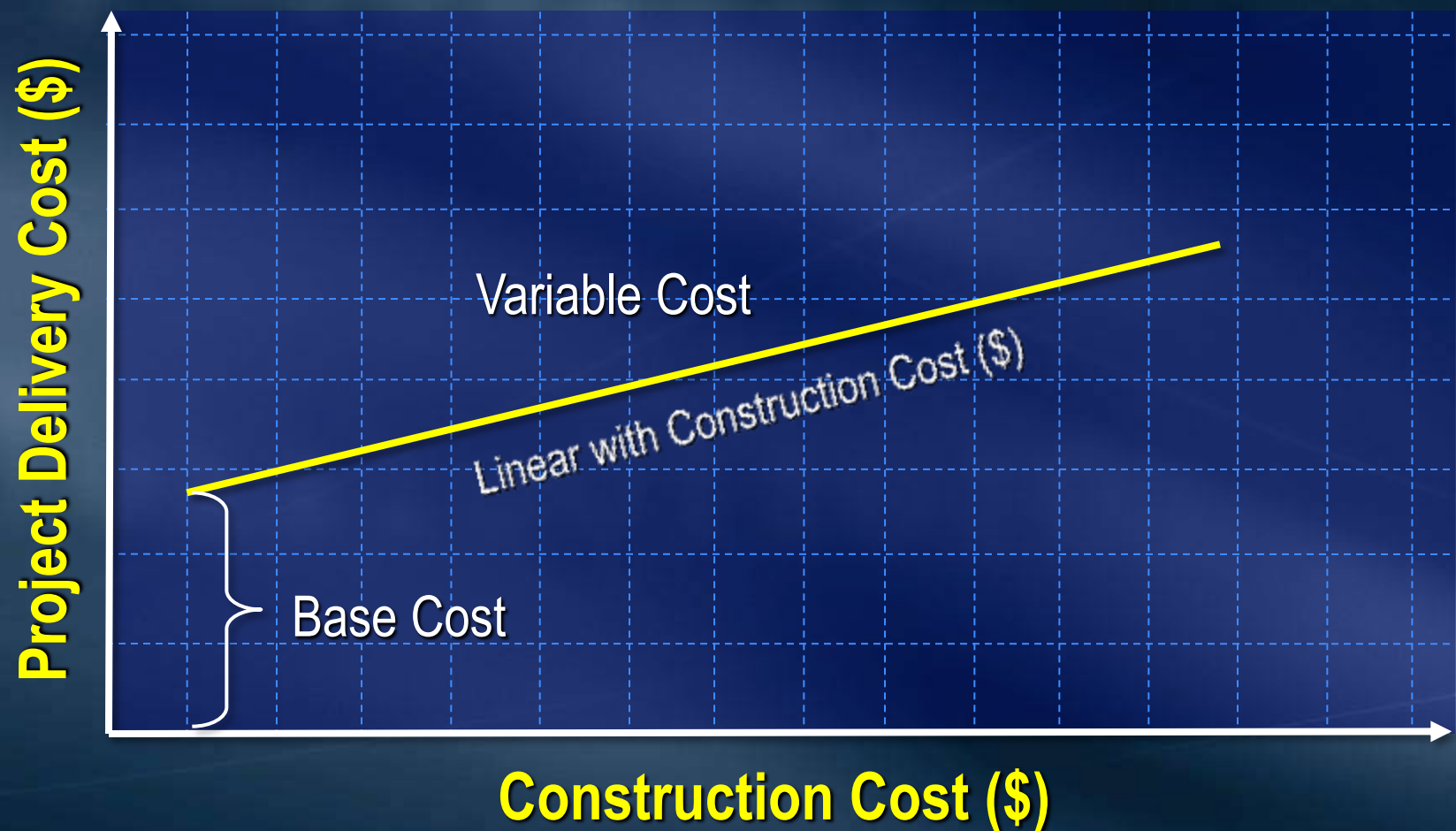
## Actual Data



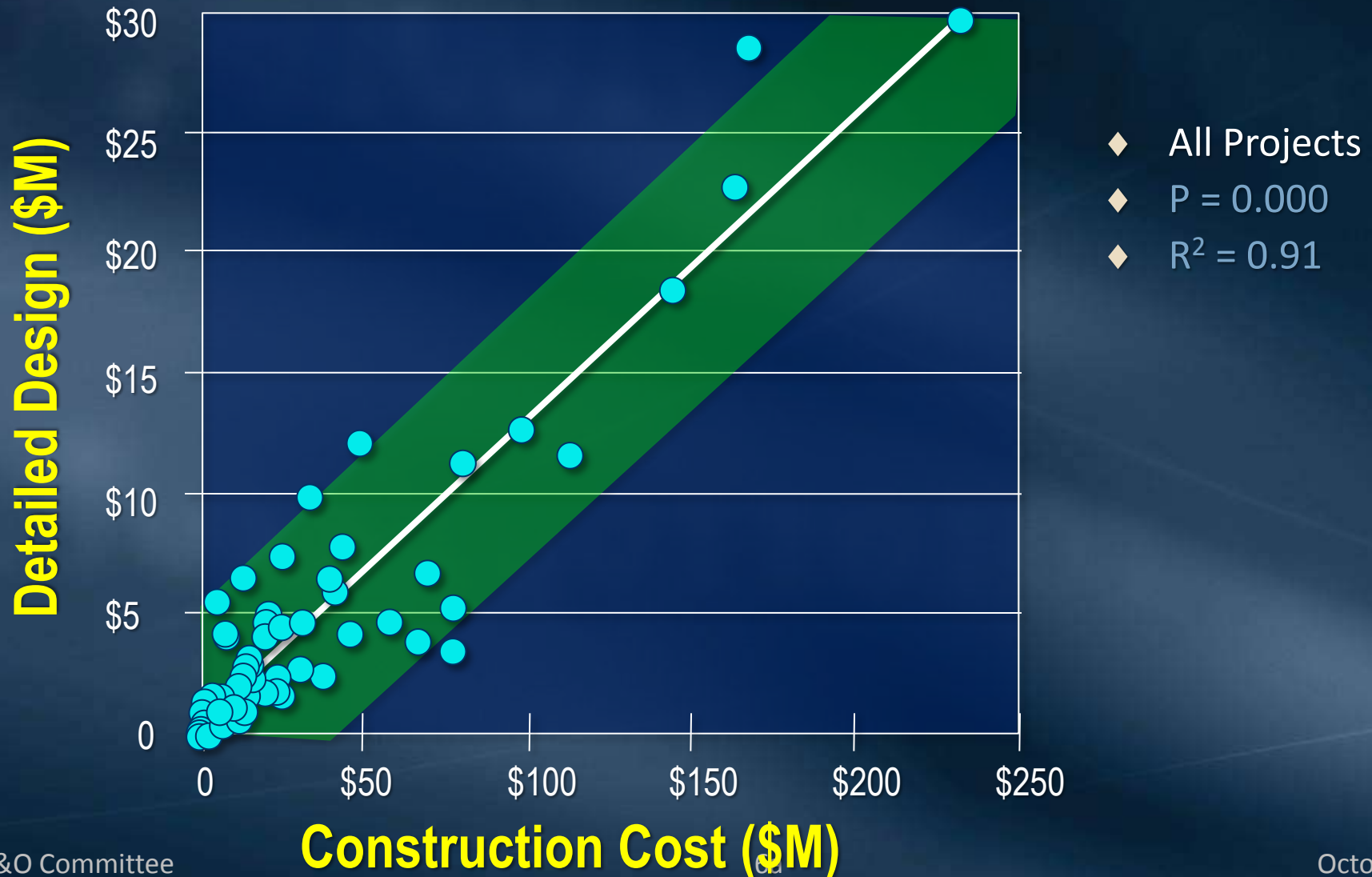
# Initial Results Did Not Support Traditional Paradigms

- Low  $R^2$  indicated poor correlation between variables tested
- High p-values indicated lack of statistical significance in results
- Difficult to collect consistent data from all agencies
- “Statistically significant” findings not identified
  - Accounting practices vary by agency &, at times, by project
  - Geographic & time variability
  - Type of facility & complexity of project impacts

# Results Support New Conceptual Model of Project Delivery Cost



# Improved Correlation of Design Cost



# Summary of Findings

- Metropolitan initiated use of performance measures in the early 2000's
- Performance measures are a routine project management practice
- Actual design cost performance falls largely within the target ranges
- The Benchmarking Forum was a successful collaborative process & may be re-started
- Metropolitan design costs tend to be lower than for the other benchmarking agencies

# Next Steps

Engineering Services will:

- Continue use of established metrics
- Continue to assess other metrics
- Re-initiate benchmarking process
- Continue focus on cost-effective design & management of project costs

